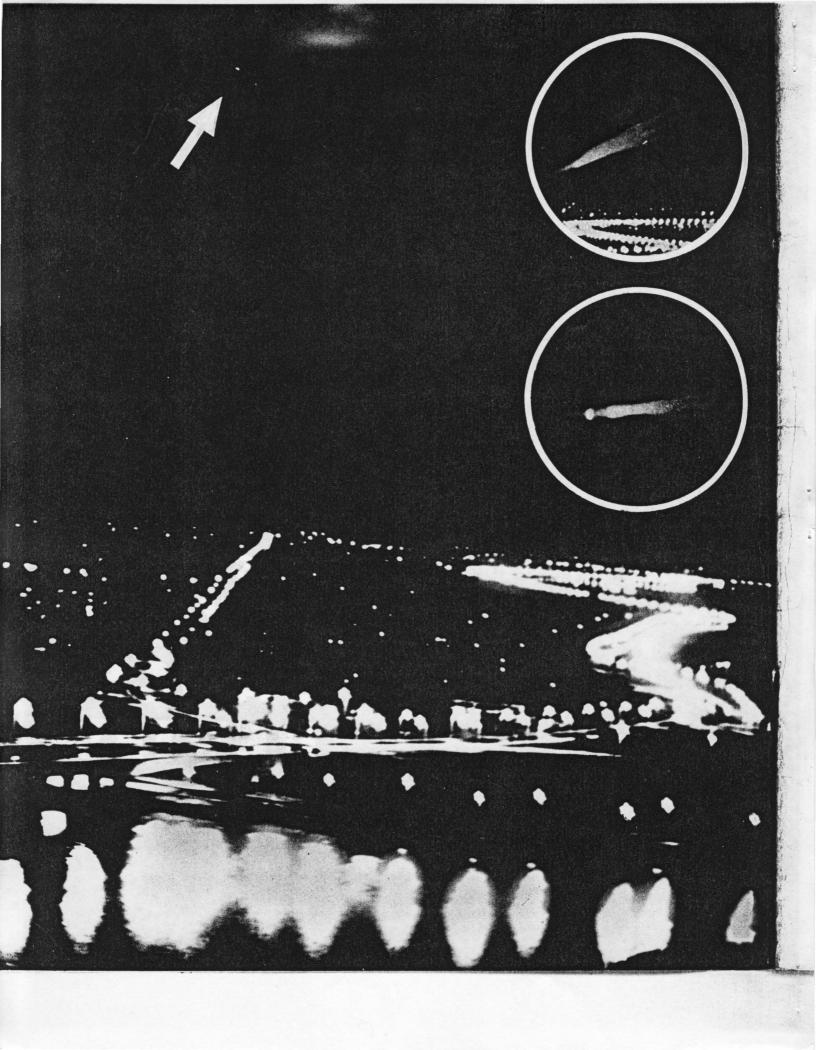
australian FLYING SAUCER REVIEW

U.F.O.I.C.



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Cover photo

Nebula "North America" (by courtesy of Jena Review).

Photographs on inside covers

- 1.—EXCLUSIVE The first photo of UFO over Perth, Western Australia, taken by L. Benedek on 24th January, 1966. (See News Page.) Second and third photo ("Life International" by courtesy) are superimposed.
- 4, 5 Taken by Mr. W. Jacobs on 17th March, 1965, from a ship in South Australian waters.

Authors and UFO students the world over are invited to submit contributions for publication. Original articles, digests, brief communications, newspaper clippings and other relevant material in any language are welcome.

EDITORIAL

It was announced in the previous number that this publication will be issued twice a year. This promise was made under the impression that other Australian Groups would contribute material and share joint editorship. The anticipation, however, was premature and unrealistic. Hence, we regretfully inform our subscribers and readers that, as long as the Australian Flying Saucer Review remains an individual effort of UFOIC, only one number per year can be produced.

Extremely high incidence of UFO sightings and other outstanding events during the last year and through 1966 indicate a new cycle of increased visitation by some cosmic civilisation. To seek the reasons for such periodic outbursts of interest in our planet is purely a matter of conjecture and speculation — for our standard of logic may not apply to the mentality and cosmic experience of our space visitors.

Speculating on possible causes for the present period of UFO activity, only a few alternatives present themselves; that another cosmic race is operating to establish a contact; is carrying out scientific investigations, or is actually operating without our being aware of the purpose.

Firstly, the display of UFOs over cities and other prominent spots, indicates our space visitors are acting to attract our attention. With an increased presentation of indirect evidence they may aim to provoke our scientists and world authorities into recognising their existence. We could, therefore, consider the present stage of UFO activity as a psychological experiment designed to test our reactions. Their future steps towards an official contact would then depend on our response. It is doubtful, however, that they could succeed with present methods—for only a massive and simultaneous display of UFOs over prominent cities, persisting there for a considerable length of time, allowing themselves to be studied, even risking attack—would really impress and convince.

The second speculation which suggests that they are engaged in scientific research, also leads into dilemma. From historical evidence it is clear that certain cosmic civilisations have visited our planet for millenia. If such superior civilisations would carry out scientific investigation, the projects would have been completed centuries ago. Hence, the present visitations could be considered only as surveying functions.

The other alternative, namely, that Earth is simultaneously visited by several cosmic races seems more reasonable. Recent UFO research has accumulated a considerable amount of data pointing out the probability that at least two civilisations are at present operating in our environment. One, physically identical to us and breathing our air, the other similar to us, but originating from a different atmospheric background, for they are always observed wearing space-helmets and breathing apparatus. A possible third one is operating only with robots and is, therefore, biologically unidentifiable. From this aspect it is reasonable to consider that some of these cosmic races might have only recently discovered our Earth and are carrying out research, concentrating on the planet itself, rather than on its inhabitants.

The third speculation, that space-people are actually operating among us with a definite purpose, without our being aware of it, is purely a supposition. Further, the much-heralded notion that they are here "to save us from ourselves" is only wishful thinking—defeated by a simple law applying to both the Earth and Cosmos. Everything in Nature is governed by a law of balance and continuous adjustment. So the relationship between man and man is a process of mutual changes running through phases of action, reaction, compromise and tolerance.

(continued on page 41)



PROFESSOR GABRIEL ALVIAL, Director of Cosmic Radiation Centre, Infiernillo, Chile, believes that: "There is scientific evidence that strange objects visit our planet. It is lamentable that the Governments have drawn a veil of secrecy over all this".

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REAR-ADMIRAL DELMER S. FAHRNEY, U.S.N. (Ret.), says: "Reliable reports indicate that there are objects coming into our atmosphere at very high speeds. No agency in this country or Russia is able to duplicate at this time the speeds and accelerations which radars and observers indicate these flying objects are able to achieve. There are signs that an intelligence directs these objects because of the way they fly".

Dr. WALTER RIEDEL, former German rocket scientist, forwarded the opinion that UFOs are of extra-terrestial origin: "UFOs are not fantasy, they manoeuvre in a manner well known to our pilots, involving accelerations which could not be resisted by any human being".

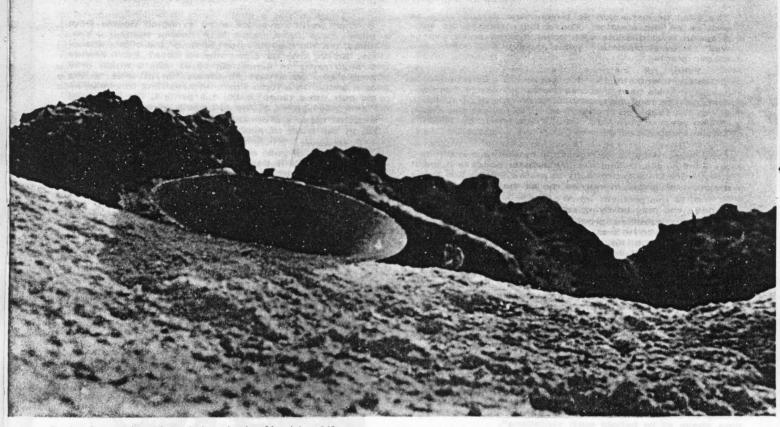
VICE-ADMIRAL R. H. HILLENKOETTER, former Director of U.S. Central Intelligence Agency, repeatedly expressed his views that: "It is imperative for us to learn where UFOs come from and what their purpose is on the Earth".

Dr. FRANK B. SALISBURY, Professor of Plant Physiology, Colorado State University, Port Collins, comments: "I think the fact that they haven't contacted us does not mean that they haven't visited us. But what if the persons who said they have seen space-ships actually have? Other scientists dismiss the sightings as hallucinations. However, studying the reports for one particular night, we found that those persons having 'hallucinations' were having them on an exact arc of the earth's surface".

JACQUES VALLEE, a noted U.S. astronomer, mathematician and writer, after extensive study of UFO evidence, concludes: "Thousands of sightings, many reported by persons of complete authority and reliability have proved beyond doubt the physical nature of the phenomenon. It is now upon science to solve the problem of their origin, and to take a new look at the saucer mystery".

- Dr. S. S. HUANG, Dearborn Observatory, U.S., estimates: "That the number of inhabitable systems is about 3-5 percent of the number of stars; this leads to eight billion inhabitable systems in our galaxy".
- Dr. W. HOWARD, of Harvard University, said: "Intelligent beings abound in the universe, and most of them are far older than we are".
- Dr. HARLOW SHAPLEY, Emeritus Professor of Astronomy, Harvard University, came to the conclusion: "The only point of speculation now centres on the shape and form of these 'distant neighbours' of ours whether they are like us, whether they are more like our fossil-man ancestors, or whether they are more advanced than ourselves".
- Dr. J. ALLEN HYNEK, Air Force Chief UFO Consultant, although querying the existence of flying saucers, speculates on reason for their lack of official contact that: "They may be having trouble understanding our vastly different cultural system. Advanced civilisations may use other means of communications than radio—perhaps even mental telepathy. They might regard radio the way we would regard communicating by smoke signals".
- Dr. WILLIAM HOWELLS Emeritus Professor of Anthropology, Harvard University, deliberating the idea of what these 'people' might look like, proposes that: "They would be more like us in basic organs, though one would get a shock at seeing them for the first time. Most of them would be far older than ourselves and, being 'considerably re-arranged', they might see things we only 'feel', things we only 'hear'. They may, for example, be able to perceive magnetism, radio waves, ultra-violet and infra-red waves and other physical phenomena that our sense organs cannot pick up".

POINTS OF VIEW



Bernina Pass landing (Swiss Italian Alps), 31st July, 1962.

THEIR PURPOSE OF COMING?

Andrew Tomas

In speaking of galactic civilizations, Professor Bracewell, of Stanford University, said: "Would not other, more advanced societies be doing what we ourselves are on the point of doing, probably during this century, namely, sending probes to nearby stars?"

Professor Hermann Oberth believes that spaceships from faraway worlds are here on a long-range exploration. The cosmonauts study the vegetable, animal and human kingdoms guided by scientific curiosity.

Here is a case which supports this scientist's speculation. On 9th December, 1954, a Bradilian farmer was confronted by a strange craft. One of the pilots was pulling out some bean and corn plants from the ground. Seemingly, he was not interested in the farmer, but only told him not to come too close to the flying machine.

The interests of cosmonauts on our earth is well attested by a multitude of flights over all parts of the globe. Astronomer Fletcher, of Africa, is of the opinion that the visitors "are steadily mapping every part of our earth".

There is evidence which suggests that this geographical survey may also be geological in nature. In June, 1959, the Rev. Gill watched a round craft hovering as low as 400 feet above the ground in New Guinea.

He noticed four human-like figures on the top deck who appeared to be bent over and manipulating some-

thing on it. They were more interested in what they were doing than in Rev. Gill and the natives accompanying him. This is a highly significant fact. Perhaps the pilots were observing some kind of screen. Whether magnetic rays, fault lines, or even the interior of the earth were studied is largely a matter for speculation.

But New Guinea is situated along a tertiary formation line which stretches from New Zealand to the Himalayas. Is it the rising and sinking of continents that the cosmic guests study? There have been hundreds of sightings along this geological line. The same can be said about the Andes and the Rockies, also tertiary in formation.

It is quite probable that the space visitors are more concerned with the planet Earth itself, rather than mankind. The Earth is about 5,000 million years old, but man, officially, is only one million. In the perspective of eternity, super intelligent beings would be more interested in our planet as a breeding ground of evolution than in its young, temporary rulers.

Dr. William Howells, of Harvard, states: "Intelligent beings abound in the universe and most of them are far older than we are".

There is much evidence which suggests that our civilization is being closely scrutinised. This inspection appears to be carried out by means of monitoring and scanning discs as well as directly by craft of all shapes.

The sites of inspection lie beyond the Arctic Circle as well as on the equator. The activity takes place over peaceful rural districts with cows, horses and dogs, as well as over ominous rocket launching grounds and atomic plants.

Take, for instance, the case of Commander McLaughlin who, in 1949, observed over White Sands guided missiles base, an object at the altitude of 56 miles, flying at the fantastic speed of seven miles per second. A bright, oval object was seen there again in 1958. UFOs have also appeared over Oak Ridge and Los Alamos atomic plants.

Professor Oberth, in speaking of atomic weapons, says: "I am of the opinion that the human race is bringing the whole world to the brink of disaster because it is not sufficiently advanced morally to realise what such power means—this problem worries me all the time.".

Does this problem worry other scientists from other planets who may be flying around our earth?

Earth satellites brought about hundreds of UFO sightings in 1957-58 all over the world. A Jupiter rocket fired from Cape Kennedy in January, 1958, had an escort—a moving light which later vanished in space.

In this space century it would be but natural for members of an old-established space travel club in the galaxy to be curious about the moral qualifications of terrestial astronauts who are now applying for membership in that cosmic club.

These earthmen may arrive on another planet one day armed with atomic bombs. Quite possibly, advanced humanities in other worlds may be aware of this. To back this thought, here is the quote from U.S. Air Force Project Saucer, 1949.

"Such a civilization might observe that on earth we now have atomic bombs and are fast developing rockets. In view of the past history of mankind, they should be alarmed. We should, therefore, expect at this time above all to behold such visitations".

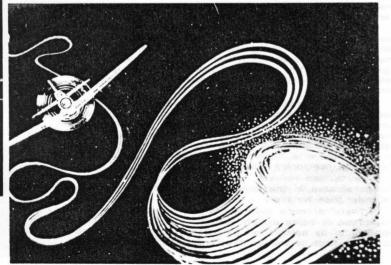
In reflecting upon the aims of the space visitors on our planet, we may ask: "Are they friends or foes?"

Here is a curious newspaper clipping from Paris, dated 13th December, 1944.

"As the Allied armies ground out new gains on the western front today, the Germans were disclosed to have thrown a new 'device' into the war—mystery silvery balls which float in the air. Pilots report seeing these objects, both individually and in clusters, during forays over the Reich".

These so-called foo-fighters never attacked either side in World War II. One would expect superior beings to behave just like that. No doubt they were shocked with the ghastly phenomenon of warfare, but they seemed to act as neutral observers.

Dog-fight between Lt. George F. Gorman and "foo-fighter".
on 1st October, 1948, lasting 27 minutes in the sky over
Fargo, U.S.A.



There is not a single story in which people from another world have acted in a hostile manner. Yes, planes have disintegrated near some of the bigger space-ships, but did they have to come so close? From France and South America come reports of robots which fired strange rays. In almost all cases, the attitude of the people who encountered them was anything but sensible or friendly. In a recent case in Argentina, the man fired his gun three times at the tall pilots of a round ship.

Other reports claim that the spacemen are friendly. Most of these are of such doubtful quality that we can hardly tell truth from fiction.

However, if we accept the veracity of legends which speak of gods descending upon earth, and assume they they were not gods or angels, but representatives of superior galactic civilizations, we can arrive at some conclusions by means of analogy. What they did in the past, they may still be doing at present.



Cosmic visitors in "dogu" space suits are worshipped as gods in ancient times. (Note the saucer-like starship.)

The ancient Greeks closed their dramas with a "Deus ex Machina" (a god from a machine) who set things right by his divine intervention. Was this a tradition from an epoch when sky beings walked amongst men?

It is undeniable that down through the centuries of history, space visitors have come as benefactors and civilizers. Thousands of years ago, when the ancestors of Sumerians were primitive, a strange fish-like god emerged out of the Persian Gulf. He had a human head within a fish's head. Was this a space suit? He instructed the savage inhabitants of Messopotamia in agriculture and science. He brought a ready-made culture. Where did it come from?

Within a hundred years from the visitation of this teacher, Cannes, ancient Babylonians began to build cities, developed mathematics and astronomy. If the cosmic origin of this being is rejected, how can we explain this phenomenal acceleration of progress? This theory is backed by an American astrophysicist of first magnitude, Dr. Carl Sagan.

Here are some scientific facts to back the supposition that space intelligence planted seeds of culture in Babylon. How could the ancient Babylonians know about the four larger moons of Jupiter? Or refer to phases of Venus, recorded on tablets now kept in the British Museum? Neither the satellites of Jupiter nor the phases of Venus can be seen without a telescope. Babylonians did not have one. So how did they find out about something that was not detectable at their time? However, if we accept this idea that certain astronomical knowledge was imparted to early Babylon by a cosmic visitor, then this mystery could be resolved.

Another celestial being landed in Vera Cruz, Mexico, thousands of years ago. He wore a helmet which looked like a snake's head. His name was Quetzalcoatl, the plumed serpent, the founder of Mexico.

History and legend state that he came in a winged ship. On one of the codices he is shown descending from a hole in the heavens. His helmet was probably a space helmet and the winged ship, a space ship, did he not come from a hole in the heavens? Quetzalcoatl gave the Toltecs the blessings of civilization — medicine, astronomy, agriculture, and so on. The Mayas, successors of the Toltecs, had a calendar which was more accurate astronomically than our own. It was closer to the true astronomical year than our own calendar in this age of science. What was the source of their superior science?

After completing his mission as culture bearer, Quetzalcoatl "stepped into a fire and departed heavenward and his heart became the planet Venus". Maybe this means that Quetzalcoatl stepped into a space ship with a fiery exhaust, bound for Venus?



A cosmonaut within a "snake's head" or Quetzalcoatl within a space-helmet?

There is no contradiction in the belief that a superior race, while collecting scientific data for their home planet may, at the same time, help less-advanced humanity. With their culture possibly millions of years older than ours, technological display and moral examples they would dominate and influence Man on any occasion of contact. By copying deeds and accepting data of higher knowledge, humanity would in its eagerness for progress suddenly achieve short-cuts in technological and cultural evolutions. When we become mature and, if we should ever tour our cosmic neighbourhood and meet a less-advanced civilization, wouldn't we do the same?

This idea is opposed by a number of other authorities on the grounds that, if space visitors possess such an advanced technology as we believe they do, scientific investigation of our planet could be completed in a few flights. Even with electronic devices like ours in sputniks or high-flying reconnaissance aeroplanes, all relevant data of their interest could be collected in a minimum of time. This school of thought believes that the space craft of today belong to different cosmic civilizations than that examining our Earth hundreds of thousands of years ago.



Bernina Pass photo showing space-man or robot near the craft.

If the object of these visits is indeed only a scientific investigation, then the earth must now have been examined during its modern history by several cosmic races in succession and independently. Some have discovered the Earth only recently, while others are coming back at repeated intervals.

In an attempt to explain the purpose of visitations of space craft in modern history and, particularly in present days, various theories have been forwarded. The leading one, backed by several prominent scientists, maintains that their present mission is one of scientific investigation.

Both hypotheses take for granted that the visitors' mentality is the same as ours and that they behave as we would when we visit other planets. Some researchers, however, think that this is most unlikely and that their motives are altogether different. They formulated the so-called World Crisis Theory.

This theory claims that our civilization is slowly drifting towards self-destruction by atomic conflict, because of the stress on power, on selfishness and lack of humanism. According to an eastern philosophy, the thought waves emanate from all thinking beings and form an aura around our planet. The inharmonious mental radiation of humanity at present has produced an aura of negative values that pollutes the space for astronomical distances.

Granting to superior being powers or instrumentation that can record not only electro-magnetic, nuclear radiation and other physical vibrations, but even brain waves, which now signify a dangerously warped planetary psychology — they must be concerned about the irresponsible behaviour of their cosmic neighbour. An ultimate atomic cataclyism is not inconceivable, and this would have far-reaching consequences in the solar system and possibly fatally affect them.

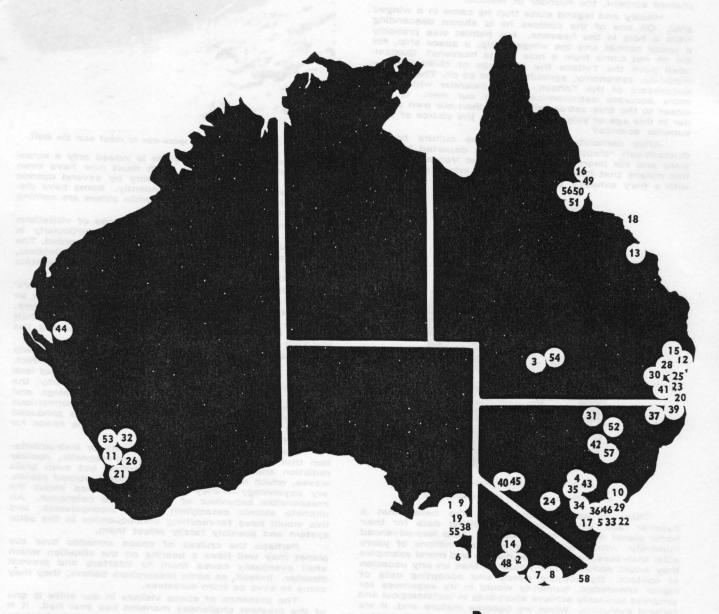
Perhaps the cruises of space armadas over our planet may well have a bearing on the situation which shall eventually cause them to interfere and prevent disaster. Indeed, as some researchers believe, they may come to save us from ourselves.

The presence of space visitors in our skies is one of the greatest challenges mankind has ever had. It is a challenge to our world from an advanced technology and culture, from a superior race or races which, besides great intelligence, may possess equally great kindness and tolerance. Will man understand that he is no longer the centre of the universe and not its sole master? Are they here to remind us that "WE ARE NOT ALONE", and that the time is mature for an intercourse between planetary civilizations and fusion of cosmic cultures?

Whatever the reasons for their coming may be, we have merely hinted at the probabilities of their missions—in anticipation of facts which would confirm any one, or some of the theories here presented.

AUSTRALIAN SCENE 1965

Numbered dots represent locations of sightings included in the statistical diagram; some of them refer to reports which are featured in detail on the following pages.



WESTERN AUSTRALIA

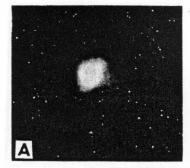
NORTHERN TERRITORY SOUTH AUSTRALIA

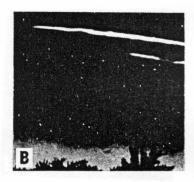


QUEENSLAND
NEW SOUTH WALES
VICTORIA

UFO sightings classified on basis of statistics compiled by UFOIC and the special contribution of Mr. Colin Norris, Vice-President of The Australian Flying Saucer Research Society, Adelaide.

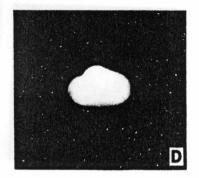
| 2. Melbourne Vic. 1/3/65 Miss C, Heyde A Circular light with reddish. Observed for one hour three deceptions of suppressions of the composition of the compositio | Loc | ality | State | Date | Witnesses | Ref. | Story |
|--|-----|----------------------|---------|---------|----------------|------|--|
| 3. Quilpie QId. 5/3/65 Mr. & Mrs. T. Olding B Two glowing crbs with collection before disorpher before dispersion of glob validation. 5. Sydney N.S.W. 6/3/65 R. J. Morris, H. Richardson, G. Patston B. Britation of glob validation, G. Patston B. Britation of glob validation of glob va | 1. | Marino | S.A. | 22/1/65 | K. V. O'Neil | A | Silent, yellow light, appearing as two lights joined together Climbed rapidly and vanished. |
| 4. Dubbo N.S.W. 5/3/65 N. G. Morrison & Billiont cigar-shaped object follows, fosser than rolling sparks. 5. Sydney N.S.W. 6/3/65 R. J. Morris, H. Richardson, G. Patston 6. Margaret Brock Lighthouse S.A. 17/3/65 W. Jacobs D. Sie-shaped, brightly lift obsievely moving about the cigary shaped object in the cigary shaped object in the cigary shaped of sour drawn with the cigary shaped of sour drawn with the cigary shaped object in the cigary shaped of sour drawn with the cigary shaped of sour drawn with the cigary shaped of sour drawn shaped object in the cigary shaped of sour drawn shaped object in the cigary shaped of sour drawn shaped object in the cigary shaped o | 2. | Melbourne | Vic. | 1/3/65 | Miss C. Heyde | A | Circular light with reddish core Observed for one hour through telescope before disappearing |
| 5. Sydney N.S.W. 6/3/65 R. J. Morris, H. Richardson, G. Patston 6. Margaret Brock Lighthouse S.A. 17/3/65 W. Jacobs Disc-shaped, brightly lit by slow, and many times speed of sou of souly moving about the clase photos). 7. Welchpool Vic. 20/3/65 Mr. & Mrs. I. D. Scott A mittently stopping for two high the class photos in the class photos photos photos photos photos in the class photos photos photos in the class photos photos photos in the class photos photo | 3. | Quilpie | QId. | 5/3/65 | | В | Two glowing orbs with comet- like tails. 200 m.p.h. at 500 ft. |
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| Lighthouse S.A. 17/3/65 W. Jacobs D slowly moving about the c (see photos). 7. Welchpool Vic. 20/3/65 Mr. & Mrs. I. D. Scott A mirtently stopping for the members, eventually read variables. 8. Welchpool Vic. 25/3/65 Mr. & Mrs. I. D. Scott A variables. 9. Birdwood S.A. 8/4/65 W. A. Hann A Glowing object, silent, from let, flying low oversible of the sky in 8 seconduring the day. 10. Belmore N.S.W. 13/4/65 S. Kaufman B Orange-gold object with a cill, horizontal crossing thirds of the sky in 8 seconduring the day. 11. Subiaco W.A. 22/5/65 C. Dessauer A Dazzling green glow, turning red, stationary, observed in members of the sky in 8 seconduring the day. 12. Brisbane Qld. 23/5/65 E. N. Wilson D Blurred, irridescent, vold when departing. 13. Mackay Qld. 23/5/65 J. W. Tilse, E. Juden, J. Burgess D. Burred, irridescent, vold when departing. 14. Gruyere Vic. 25/5/65 A. F. Robertson, F. Jacobs, D. Barnes D. Barnes D. Burred, irridescent, vold only with his cound. 15. Acacia Ridge Qld. 27/5/65 Mrs. G. Toonan D Flat, orange-red, 10 ff. hovering 100 yards away. 16. Trinity Beach N. Qld. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D Burled, irridescent, vold ofter or minutes. 17. Smithfield N. Qld. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D Bulsh, 30-40-ff. disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min portholes, seen for 4½ min portholes, seen for 4½ min portholes, seen for 10 see a 2,000 ff. with speed of 10 see or 10 see | 5. | Sydney | N.S.W. | 6/3/65 | H. Richardson, | В | Formation of eight yellow, silent lights trailing sparks, travelling at many times speed of sound. |
| 1. D. Scott A mittently stopping for two three minutes, eventually rand vanishing. | 6. | | | 17/3/65 | W. Jacobs | D | Disc-shaped, brightly lit object, slowly moving about the clouds (see photos). |
| 9. Birdwood S.A. 8/4/65 W. A. Hann A Glowing object, silent, five the sender of the sky in Beech of the sk | 7. | Welchpool | Vic. | 20/3/65 | | A | Yellow, zig-zagging light, intermittently stopping for two to three minutes, eventually rising and vanishing. |
| than jet, flying low overhesen during the day. 10. Belmore N.S.W. 13/4/65 S. Kaufman B Orange-gold object with a send inhorizontally crossing thirds of the sky in 8 sec. 11. Subiaco W.A. 22/5/65 C. Dessauer A Dazzling green glow, turning thirds of the sky in 8 sec. 12. Brisbane Qld. 23/5/65 E. N. Wilson D Blurred, irridescent, oval obwarched for two to three onds crossing the sky. 13. Mackay Qld. 23/5/65 J. W. Tilse, E. Juden, J. Burgess D Glights and three trians structures underneeth, how and moved about with his sound. 14. Gruyere Vic. 25/5/65 A. F. Robertson, F. Jacobs, D. Barnes D Glights and three trians structures underneeth, how and moved about with his sound. 15. Acacia Ridge Qld. 27/5/65 Mrs. G. Toonan D Flat, orange-red, 10 ft. hoveing 100 yards away, minating the surroundings. 16. Trinity Beach N. Qld. 2/6/65 S. Mangano A White, moon-like object, doner rim, howered, van after one minute. 17. Smithfield N. Qld. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D Bluish, 30-40-fft, disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min j-mile away. 18. Townsville Qld. 7/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard E Billent, sar-like object, gilly accelerated, zig-zag stopped and started 3 the Scenor 10 minutes of 3.000 fft. photos). Mrs. Griffin B Silent, green, round object foil, faster than jet, at 2 foil, fas | 8. | Welchpool | Vic. | 25/3/65 | | A | hovered for six minutes, then |
| 11. Subiaco W.A. 22/5/65 C. Dessauer A Dazzling green glow, turnin red, stationary, observed in minute. Mode loud, swisound when departing. 12. Brisbane QId. 23/5/65 E. N. Wilson D Blured, irridescent, oval ob watched for two to three onds crossing the sky. 13. Mackay QId. 23/5/65 J. W. Tilse, E. Juden, J. Burgess D and moved about with his sound. 14. Gruyere Vic. 25/5/65 A. F. Robertson, F. Jacobs, D. Barnes D Metallic, 30-ft. disc with sound. Metallic, 30-ft. disc with sound. Metallic, 30-ft. disc with sound. Metallic, grey, saucer-shoject, observed for 10 sec at 2,000 ft, with speed of liner. 15. Acacia Ridge QId. 27/5/65 Mrs. G. Toonan D Flat, orange-red, 10 ft. hovering 100 yards away, minating the surroundings. 16. Trinity Beach N. QId. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D Bluish, 30-40-ft, disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min jertholes, seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard B Silent, green, round object foil, faster than jet, at 2 foil, faster than jet, | 9. | Birdwood | S.A. | 8/4/65 | W. A. Hann | A | Glowing object, silent, faster than jet, flying low overhead, seen during the day. |
| red, stationary, observed minute. Made loud, swisound when departing. 12. Brisbane QId. 23/5/65 E. N. Wilson D. Blurred, irridescent, aval ob watched for two to three onds crossing the sky. 13. Mackay QId. 23/5/65 J. W. Tilse, E. Juden, J. Burgess D. Barnes QId. 25/5/65 A. F. Robertson, F. Jacobs, D. Barnes Metallic, 30-ft. disc with of lights and three trians on the surfuctures underneath, how and moved about with his sound. 14. Gruyere Vic. 25/5/65 A. F. Robertson, F. Jacobs, D. Barnes Metallic, grey, saucer-shoblect, observed for 10 see of 2,000 ft, with speed of liner. 15. Acacia Ridge QId. 27/5/65 Mrs. G. Toonan D. Flat, orange-red, 10 ft. hovering 100 yards away, minating the surroundings. 16. Trinity Beach N. QId. 2/6/65 S. Mangano A. White, moon-like object, do near rim, hovered, vaniatier one minute. 17. Smithfield N. QId. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D. Bluish, 30-40-ft. disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ minimite away. 18. Townsville QId. 7/6/65 J. & C. Meskell, E. Finch, M. Gulsen Dark, disc-shaped, metallic ject, hovered and circled stopped and started 3 ft. Seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard Mrs. Griffin B. Silent, green, round object tail, faster than jet, at 2 ft. in the potation of the photos). | 10. | Belmore | N.S.W. | 13/4/65 | S. Kaufman | В | Orange-gold object with a long tail, horizontally crossing two- thirds of the sky in 8 seconds. |
| See of the servett See of the servert See of the see of the servert See of the see of the see of the servert See of the s | 11. | Subiaco | W.A. | 22/5/65 | C. Dessauer | A | |
| E. Juden, J. Burgess D. and moved about with his sound. 14. Gruyere Vic. 25/5/65 A. F. Robertson, F. Jacobs, D. Barnes D. Barnes E. Juden, J. Burgess D. and moved about with his sound. Metallic, grey, saucersh object, observed for 10 see at 2,000 ft. with speed of liner. 15. Acacia Ridge Qld. 27/5/65 Mrs. G. Toonan D. Flat, orange-red, 10 ft. hovering 100 yards away, minating the surroundings. 16. Trinity Beach N. Qld. 2/6/65 S. Mangano A. White, moon-like object, do near rim, hovered, van after one minute. 17. Smithfield N. Qld. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D. Bluish, 30-40-ft. disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min ½-mile away. 18. Townsville Qld. 7/6/65 J. & C. Meskell, E. Finch, M. Gulsen Dark, disc-shaped, metallic ject, hovered and circled 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. photos). 20. Upper Mrs. Griffin B. Silent, green, round object tail, faster than jet, at 22 ft. photos). | 12. | Brisbane | QId. | 23/5/65 | E. N. Wilson | D | Blurred, irridescent, oval object, watched for two to three seconds crossing the sky. |
| F. Jacobs, D. Barnes E object, observed for 10 sec at 2,000 ft, with speed of liner. 15. Acacia Ridge QId. 27/5/65 Mrs. G. Toonan D Flat, orange-red, 10 ft. hovering 100 yards away, minating the surroundings. 16. Trinity Beach N. QId. 2/6/65 S. Mangano A White, moon-like object, do near rim, hovered, vaniafter one minute. 17. Smithfield N. QId. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong Bluish, 30-40-ft. disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min½-mile away. 18. Townsville QId. 7/6/65 J. & C. Meskell, E. Finch, M. Gulsen Bright, star-like object, go ally accelerated, zig-zag stopped and started 3 to Seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard Mrs. Griffin B Silent, green, round object tail, faster than jet, at 2 to 12 to 13 to 14 to 12 to 12 to 13 to 14 to 15 to 14 to 15 to 14 to 15 to 15 to 16 to 15 to 16 to 17 to 18 to 18 to 19 to | 13. | Mackay | QId. | 23/5/65 | E. Juden, | D | Metallic, 30-ft. disc with row of lights and three triangular structures underneath, hovered and moved about with hissing sound. |
| hovering 100 yards away, minating the surroundings. 16. Trinity Beach N. Qld. 2/6/65 S. Mangano A White, moon-like object, do near rim, hovered, vaniatire one minute. 17. Smithfield N. Qld. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D Bluish, 30-40-ft. disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min½-mile away. 18. Townsville Qld. 7/6/65 J. & C. Meskell, E. Finch, M. Gulsen F. Seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard E Dark, disc-shaped, metallic ject, hovered and circled 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. photos). 20. Upper Mt. Granatt Old 14/6/65 | 14. | Gruyere | Vic. | 25/5/65 | F. Jacobs, | E | object, observed for 10 seconds at 2,000 ft. with speed of air- |
| 17. Smithfield N. Qld. 2/6/65 D. Armstrong D Bluish, 30-40-ft. disc, illumin portholes, seen for 4½ min ½-mile away. 18. Townsville Qld. 7/6/65 J. & C. Meskell, E. Finch, M. Gulsen F Seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard E Dark, disc-shaped, metallic ject, hovered and circled 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. photos). 20. Upper Mt. Gravatt Old 14/6/65 | 15. | Acacia Ridge | QId. | 27/5/65 | Mrs. G. Toonan | D | Flat, orange-red, 10 ft. disc hovering 100 yards away, illu- minating the surroundings. |
| portholes, seen for 4½ min ½-mile away. 18. Townsville QId. 7/6/65 J. & C. Meskell, E. Finch, M. Gulsen F Bright, star-like object, gally accelerated, zigzag stopped and started 3 to Seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard Dark, disc-shaped, metallic ject, hovered and circled 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. photos). 20. Upper Mt. Gravatt Old 14/6/65 | 16. | Trinity Beach | N. QId. | 2/6/65 | S. Mangano | A | White, moon-like object, darker near rim, hovered, vanished after one minute. |
| E. Finch, M. Gulsen F. Seen for 10 minutes. 19. Modbury S.A. 13/6/65 Mrs. & Mrs. Helyard E. Finch, M. Gulsen F. Seen for 10 minutes. Dark, disc-shaped, metallic ject, hovered and circled 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. photos). 20. Upper Mrs. Griffin B. Silent, green, round object tail, faster than jet, at 2. | 17. | Smithfield | N. QId. | 2/6/65 | D. Armstrong | D | Bluish, 30-40-ft. disc, illuminated portholes, seen for 4½ minutes ½-mile away. |
| Helyard E ject, hovered and circled 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. photos). 20. Upper Mrs. Griffin B Silent, green, round object tail, faster than jet, at 2 | 18. | Townsville | QId. | 7/6/65 | E. Finch, | F | Bright, star-like object, gradually accelerated, zig-zagged stopped and started 3 times. Seen for 10 minutes. |
| Mt Gravett Old 14/6/65 tail, faster than jet, at 2 | 19. | Modbury | S.A. | 13/6/65 | | E | Dark, disc-shaped, metallic object, hovered and circled for 15 minutes at 3.000 ft. (see photos). |
| Mr. Gravatt Via. 14/0/03 feet. | 20. | Upper Mt. Gravatt | φld. | 14/6/65 | Mrs. Griffin | В | Silent, green, round object with tail, faster than jet, at 2,000 feet. |



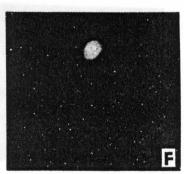




Pictures A to F show typical features of UFOs in listed sightings.



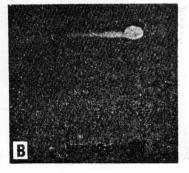


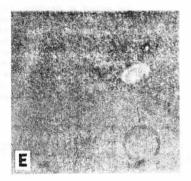


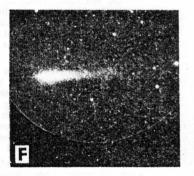
| Loc | ality | State | Date | Witnesses | Ref. | Story |
|-----|-------------|--------|---------|---|------|---|
| 21. | Bunbury | W.A. | 8/7/65 | P. Rodgers | A | Red, glowing object, hovered 20-30 ft. above ground for 5 minutes, rose vertically, dis- appearing into a cloud. |
| 22. | Narrabeen | N.S.W. | 11/7/65 | G. Isaacson, M. Lambe | E | Shiny, "wobbling" object, re- flecting sunlight, seen for ten minutes. |
| 23. | Brisbane | QId. | 14/7/65 | P. Kendall, B. Wellington | E | Bright, silvery disc, seen for 2 minutes, slowly moving east to west. |
| 24. | Canberra | A.C.T. | 15/7/65 | A. B. Lindeman, T. Lindsay, A. F. Frodsham, FlLt. Weston | E | Stationary, glinting metallic object, 10 miles away, seen for 20 minutes. |
| 25. | Brisbane | QId. | 15/7/65 | M. Lowe, F. Goostrey | A | Glowing object which zig-zagged across the sky. |
| 26. | Nedlands | W.A. | 15/7/65 | A. Gulka Mrs. A. Lawrence | e E | Oval-shaped object, swooped down upon the car, changing from green to orange, hovered at a distance. |
| 27. | Devonport | Tas. | 16/7/65 | Mrs. R. Devlin, Mrs. V. Kowarzik | D | Two silvery, round objects, one smaller than the other, darting about. Observed for 20 minutes through binoculars. |
| 28. | Brisbane | QId. | 17/7/65 | Miss B. Cobban | E | Aluminium-like disc shining in the sun, travelled in a small circle and disappeared rapidly. |
| 29. | Sydney | N.S.W. | 20/7/65 | D. Crowe | D | Green, glowing disc, 20 ft. in diameter, 9 ft. high, yellow- orange glow underneath. Took off from beach with a swishing sound. |
| 30. | Amberley | φld. | 27/7/65 | Radio 41P | A | Greenish lights hovering over Air Force bomber base for 15 minutes. |
| 31. | Goonumbla | N.S.W. | 31/7/65 | J. J. McClintock & Family | | Glowing object in the sky, 3 leg-like protrusions, scared farm dogs. |
| 32. | Pimbie | W.A. | 5/8/65 | T. Elliott | D | Orange-red object approached the car at great speed, then vanished. |
| 33. | Sydney | N.S.W. | 23/8/65 | F. Penman, G. Patston | В | Flare-like lights changing from white to red, visible for 20 seconds. |
| 34. | Orange | N.S.W. | 22/8/65 | M. Prisk, D. C. Gregory, R. J. Lord | A | Bright, ball-like object, pulsat- ing white to red, bouncing and zig-zagging, then vanished ver- tically. |
| 35. | Dubbo | N.S.W. | 23/8/65 | Four Journalists, "Central Western Daily" | A | Erratic, large, flashing light, changing from white to red, seen for 18 minutes. |
| 36. | Pymble | N.S.W. | 24/8/65 | C. Relph | В | Pulsating, brilliant white ball with tail, remaining stationary for nearly one hour, then zg- zagging away. |
| 37. | Tenterfield | N.S.W. | 8/9/65 | L. & M. Ross, J. McColl, M. Nuggent | D | Erratic, blurred object emitting green, red and white light, aerial-like structures on top. Seen through binoculars. |
| 38. | Modbury | S.A. | 10/9/65 | Mr. Mahn | A | Bright, pulsating light, hovering for 3 minutes below tree level, affected speed of house genera- tor, made dogs panic. |
| 39. | Lismore | N.S.W. | 10/9/65 | D. R. Stewart | F | A number of bright lights trav- elling across the sky at ten- minute intervals. |
| 40. | Hay | N.S.W. | 13/9/65 | D. McDonald, T. Wallace | D | Large, red-orange disc emitting light from each end. |
| | | | | | | |

Pictures on the left show typical features of UFOs in listed sightings.

| Loc | ality | State | Date | Witnesses R | ef. | Story |
|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|---|-----|--|
| 41. | Beaudesert | φId. | 13/9/65 | R. Hodgson | F | Silent, flashing red and white lights, accelerating before they vanished. |
| 42. | Boggabri | N.S.W. | 13/9/65 | C. J. Willis | С | Silent, cigar-shaped craft with space-capsule-like front and a 30 ft. trail, travelled at jet- like speed. |
| 43. | Dubbo | N.S.W. | 14/9/65 | K. Mills, P. Warwick | D | Bright green disc, ''half the size of the moon'', changing in colour to orange-yellow, hov- ered for 3 minutes and sped off. |
| 44. | Carnarvon | W.A. | 18/9/65 | G. Tiver, J. Allen | A | Red, glowing object about 2 ft, across, appearing over tree- tops. Viewed from track, ob- ject vanished when headlights switched on. |
| 45. | Hay | N.S.W. | 19/9/65 | G. Hamm | D | Disc surrounded with reddish fiame, hovered over the same spot as seen in previous week. |
| 46. | Mosman | N.S.W. | 21/9/65 | R. Bowden and several witnesses | D | Glowing, saucer-shaped object, 70 ft. above the ground. Flew in low, banked sharply and it vanished. |
| 47. | Koka | N. Guinea | 1/10/65 | B. Beattie, B. Lord | A | Brilliant white light with red centre, hovered over the hills. Tongues of light around the rims. |
| 48. | Ballarat | Vic. | 5/10/65 | E. Carroll, D. Jones | E | Four saucer-shaped objects, the size of airliners, flying in a ''diamond'' formation. |
| 49. | Cairns | φId. | 17/10/65 | W. C. O. Cooke | F | Seven bright lights flying in a formation. |
| 50. | Tully | QId. | 23/10/65 | W. Mossop, M. Saylor | D | Disc with dome and red lights around the edge and "landing gear" underneath, zig-zagged below the clouds. Flew off in a straight line. |
| 51. | Tully | φld. | 14/11/65 | D. Doolan | A | Reddish, ball-like object with cluster of multi-coloured lights inside—halo effect. |
| 52. | Mandurah | N.S.W. | 18/11/65 | M. Christiansen, R. Fletcher | С | Cylindrical, silvery object with a ''dark patch on top'', stati- onary, high in the sky for several hours. |
| 53. | Innaloo | W.A. | 19/11/65 | J. B. Campbell, T. Hicks | E | Small, shining object, high in the sky and stationary for a considerable time. |
| 54. | Charleville | QId. | 20/11/65 | 6 people at Goolburra Railway Station | УВ | Two brilliant, silent objects with vapour trails, at 10,000 ft., glided across the sky. |
| 55. | Adelaide | S.A. | 23/11/65 | M. P. Quigley | | Blue-white cluster of lights sur- rounding a central, pulsating light. Hovered and moved back- wards and forwards. Projected a light beam towards ground. |
| 56. | Mt. Mackay | y QId. | 29/11/65 | Mrs. C. Noble, Mrs. W. Mossop, Miss C. Doolan | A | Two brilliant, orange, round lights, one having a central alow which emitted four to six flickering lights. Watched over hill-slopes ½-mile distant, also with binoculars. |
| 57. | Tamworth | N.S.W. | 6/12/65 | M. Britten | F | Fast-moving, yellow object at a great height. Seen also by the Sydney Observatory. |
| 58. | Gabo Island | l Vic. | 11/12/65 | Radio 3TR | E | White, disc-shaped object with clearly defined edges, which disappeared "in a flash". Seen previous day by Gabo Island Lighthouse staff for 5 minutes. |









In recent years only a few UFO reports refer to a filamentous substance, "angel's hair", having been seen falling from the sky after a flying saucer had passed over. In the case below, the second in Australia, but only now reported to UFOIC, it is believed that the same substance is involved. In the earlier report of October, 1953, over Victoria, a sample was recovered and made available for laboratory analysis. The examination revealed that the substance consisted of a nylon-like, amorphous mass with traces of Magnesium, Calcium, Boron and Silicon. Since then the original material, which was kept in an air-tight container, shrank from three feet to a mere half inch without residue. (See photo above.)

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WISPY THREADS FROM SKY

On 6th June, 1962, at 11.20 a.m., six silent UFOs flying erratically, high in a cloudless sky, attracted the attention of residents of "Shalimar", Caroda, N.S.W. The first of these resembled a very brilliant star and climbed slowly to an altitude slightly south of the zenith, where it became too small to be seen.

A few minutes later, a second silvery globe was observed travelling from the north, about half-way between the zenith and north-east horizon, then in an arc which brought it overhead. After completing a circle, it hovered for 10 seconds, then moved off in a south-easterly direction, until lost from view about 30 degrees above the horizon. Of all the objects, this one was the lowest and best-defined, enabling its circular outline to be distinguished from that of an aircraft.

A third object appeared, resembling the first and following a similar route. Then another very high speck of light became visible in the west. It appeared to leave a trail of shiny, web-like filaments, which gradually disintegrated as they drifted through the air. Two UFOs followed very high in the sky and were seen for only a short while.

Mrs. Jean Williams, her daughter, Julie, and Mrs. Marie Moore are agreed that, for some time afterwards, a hazy mist of light threads seemed to fill the sky. Mr. Stan Williams, who returned home later, noticed that these traces of silvery thread, which slowly disintegrated, were sometimes as long as five feet, and seemed to be of a fine nylon-like texture.

Although a search over the countryside for traces of these wispy threads was to no avail, he is convinced that he was not chasing mere cobwebs, but a strange substance emanating from the flying saucers which had passed overhead.



MACKAY LANDING

Sunday night, 23rd May, 1965, had been like any other Sunday night at the lonely Retreat Hotel, on Eton Range, 40 miles from Mackay, Queensland. Five minutes after midnight, however, when the licensee, Mr. J. W. Tilse was cleaning up the bar and getting organised for the next day, things began to happen.

One of the patrons, John Burgess, just leaving, raced back in and shouted: "Come and have a look at this". He said that he saw a strange, luminous machine resting on the ground, 500 yards away.

Outside, Mr. Tilse, a former commercial pilot with 11,500 flying hours, and present local Justice of the Peace, together with Mr. Eric Judin and Mr. Burgess, saw a black disc-like object with banks of brilliant lights underneath, hovering over tree tops and about 200 feet above the ground.

The upper part was a flat, elongated top, gently convex and appearing solid, metal-like. It measured possibly one foot in thickness and 25 to 30 feet across. The understructure, approximately 15 feet high, consisted of several rows of orange-yellowish lights numbering 10 in the top row and then in decreasing order to six lights on the bottom. Three extremely bright lights which pulsated, were situated slightly below and outside of the arrangement. The whole light complex cast an illumination upon the area beneath with intensity of floodlight beam 200 feet wide on the ground. Trees and grass in the area were clearly visible.

For ten minutes the scene remained unchanged; the craft floating in the air, motionless and silent from time to time dimming its lights to half brilliance—three speechless men watching in a grip of fear.

Then, suddenly, the object began to move slowly towards the hotel. It stopped about 200 yards away. From this distance, but seen only in profile, some additional features of the object became discernible. On the bottom of the craft, now appearing as a great, illuminated mass of 1,000-gallon tank size, three triangular leg-like structures with a brilliant, pulsating light on each, were protruding. Some orange glow emanated from the underbelly, but no exhausts could be seen.

Now Mr. Tilse ran inside to call the Mackay Police. His message was greeted with howls of laughter—but they promised to look into the matter. At the same time, while the police were still on the phone, he also rang, on the party line, his neighbour, a cattle rancher. The man took binoculars and went outside, but could not see the object because of the ridge between his property and the hotel.

Outside somebody shouted: "Get a rifle and shoot at it". "No fear, it might shoot back" was the answer.

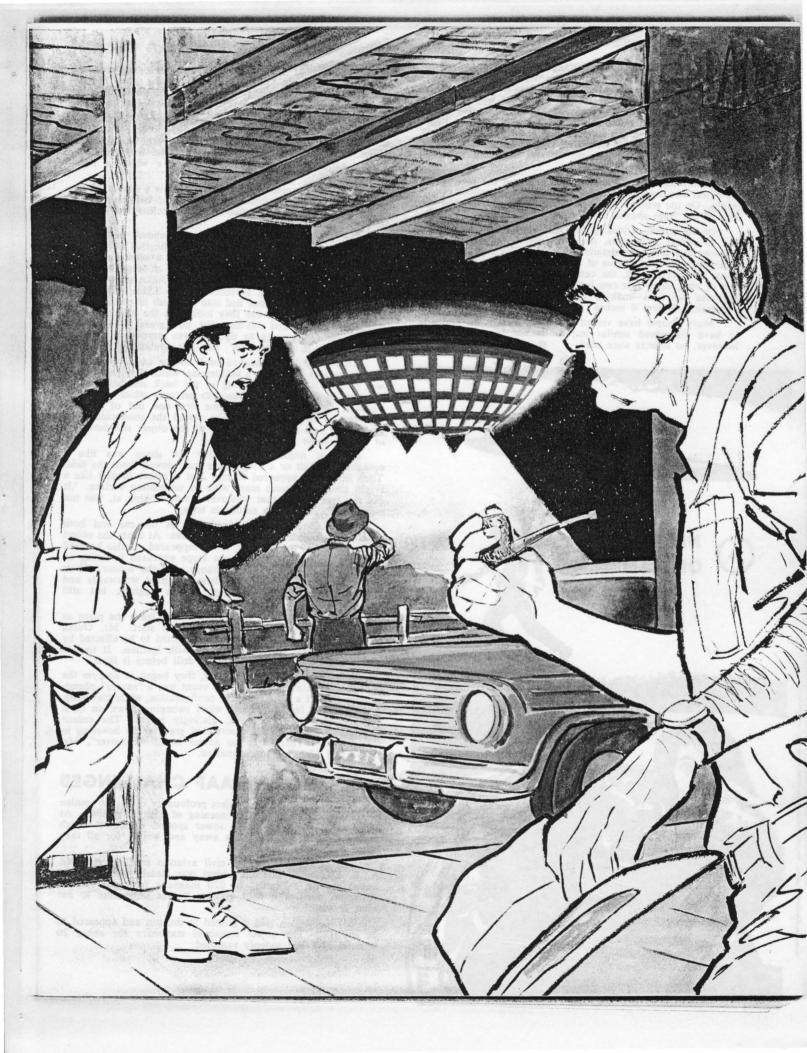
Meanwhile, the craft began to retreat, moving backwards on the same height and following the same path as it came.

It moved now slightly slower and appeared to halt for a few moments over some spots. When approaching the original point, it swerved gently towards the right, only to make a turn to the left and to glide in slow motion. Then "it started coming back again just upon us, when, at approximately half the distance of the first approach, it turned south for about 400 yards and then back again to its original line", said Mr. Burgess.

Finally, after 30 minutes, the craft rose slowly to approximately 300 feet—then, with a sudden burst of speed, accelerating extremely rapidly under an angle of 45 degrees—disappeared in an eastern direction.

Perplexed by the experience and shaken over with nervous tension, the men discussed the event, later recollecting the observations in a form of statement accompanied with a sketch of the object.

They all agreed that the event took place under perfect conditions of observation: "There was practically clear sky with only a few small clouds low over the horizon; the last quarter-moon was clearly visible, independently, and far away from the object. The object was very well defined and solid; the movements appeared intelligently controlled, although no living beings were seen. No sound was heard while the

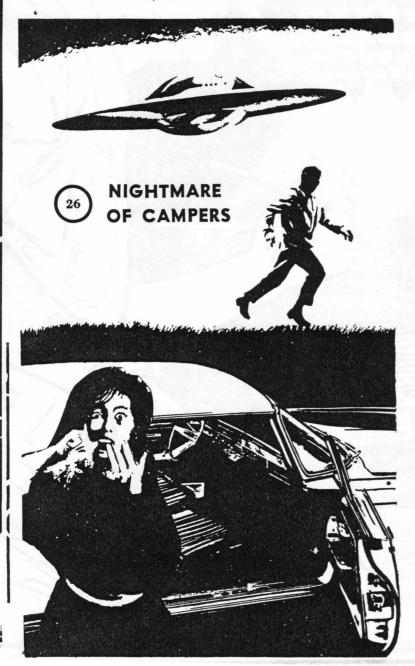


machine was hovering or cruising around, but only at departure. Mr. Burgess and Mr. Judin heard a buzz or low-pitched hissing to whining sound. Mr. Tilse could not hear anything, since he was standing closer to the hotel's generating plant. No electro-magnetic effect or heat waves were felt; the lights of the hotel kept on but no radio or TV were in operation at that time. They were all in the grip of fear, but attracted to observe as though hypnotised. It was definitely 'saucer—and not cups'," they concluded.

At daytime, Mr. Tilse examined in detail the area where the object was supposed to have landed and took colour photographs. On the ground, he found a circular impression and the tops of the trees showed some signs of burning.

On the arrival of local police, who were sent to investigate and to collect statements, the examination of the area was repeated and following details recorded: "The impression was a perfect circle with radius of 20 feet; it consisted of flattened grass, but not burned, the centre was untouched. A distinct belt or ring, three feet two inches wide of less-flattened grass encircles the area—making thus the total diameter of the impression 46 feet 4 inches".

Many people have visited the area since, some claiming to have discovered similar impressions in nearby localities, however, no objects were seen.



Incredulity at first, then fear and curiosity were the emotions of Antonin Gulka, medical graduate from Europe, and Mrs. Audrey Lawrence, when a greenish coloured object swooped on them near Carnarvon, West Australia and harassed them for almost half an hour, on 15th July, 1965.

The time was about 7.40 p.m. and the couple on a rock hunting trip, was driving a Landcruiser with headlights on about 12 miles from Pimble Station. The incident began tamely enough, but then developed into a whirl of night-marish action.

As the two people drove along, they saw a slowly moving green light which subsequently disappeared behind a cloud. A few minutes later it reappeared, but its colour had changed to orange.

The object was about 40 degrees above the horizon when it suddenly made a sharp turn and hurtled towards the car, its apparent size growing six-fold in a second — from about teasurer size to a mass measuring at least three feet

about tea-saucer size to a mass measuring at least three feet.

"It's going to crash on us!" Mr. Gulka shouted. He slammed on the brakes, switched off the lights and engine, and he and Mrs. Lawrence fled into the bush in panic. About 15 feet away from the car they looked at the object. It had stopped in mid-air and was hovering, now green in colour and rocking gently from tip to tip. "It was impossible to judge what distance it was trom us', said Mr. Gulka.

After a while he sneaked back to the car to pick up a monocular lens. The dog, a bull-terrier, which they took along, was still in the car, crouching in the back seat with terror and hair standing up. It refused to get out—which was most unusual, since normally it is the first one out of the car whenever it stopped. Mr. Gulka rested the monocular lens on the car and had a good look at the object still hovering in silence some distance away.

His first impression was that the shape was like a squashed football or a magnifying lens viewed from the side. Then he said it appeared to him that it rather looked like a bright green gelatinous mass with an undulating surface. 'It put the fear in me, that whatever I was looking at, was not man-made", Mr. Gulka recollects today.

Mrs. Lawrence soon joined him at the car and both watched the object for almost 30 minutes. At times the object descended below the tree-line, then reappeared. It also hovered in a banked position and at one stage appeared hovering on its edge. Its outline did not change, nor the colour. Their last sight of the object was when it drifted westwards and eventually disappeared, changing colour slightly, but still predominantly green.

Back in the car the couple decided to leave the place as fast as possible—but the engine did not start. Mr. Gulka recalled how car engines had been reported to be affected by the proximity of UFOs, interfering with ignition. It took a half a minute of forced re-starting drill before it fired.

Relaxed now and free of fear, they began to analyse the experience. Both agreed that the event was a "saucer" phenomenon. 'It had a definite saucer configuration, while travelling, it was orange in colour, and when swooping down on us it changed to vivid orange-red, glaringly bright. The colour changed to a transparent, fluorescent green while hovering in the distance. There was no sound heard whatsover", Mr. Gulka and Mrs. Lawrence attested.

RAAF CHALLENGED

An unidentified flying object profoundly upset the routine at Canberra Airport on the morning of 15th July, 1965. At 10.55 a.m., the men in the tower spotted an object which looked to be about 10 miles away and which, for all they knew, shouldn't be there.

The officer-in-charge of civil aviation at Canberra, Mr. A. B. Lindeman, said the object was clearly visible to the naked eye on a bearing of 020 magnetic from the airport. However, even with field glasses, it was impossible to see what is was.

Mr. Lindeman said it glinted in the sun and appeared to be metallic. The object remained stationary for about 20 minutes and then sudenly vanished. Observers admitted that because they didn't know the size of the thing, it was impossible to judge the distance. They said if it were the size of an aircraft, it would have been from 10 to 15 miles away.

The RAAF started a detailed investigation and checked all reports, but on 30th July, the Minister for Air, Mr. P. Howson, announced that the sighting had not been identified and that no explanation could be given.



MIDNIGHT ORDEAL

On the night of 13th September, 1965, just after midnight, on the road near Boggabri, N.S.W., a low-flying cigar-shaped object with a 30-foot tail, a space capsule-like nose cone and the speed of a jet plane, terrified two motorists.

One, a paper truck driver, Mr. C. J. Willis, who reported the sighting to police, said he was about five miles on the Gunnedah side of Boggabri when he spotted the object. He had overtaken a woman motorist, and he waited for her at Boggabri to ask her had she seen it, too.

Mr. Alec Chad, who had been ploughing a paddock around that time, later reported that he also had seen the object. He said: "It appeared in the north, came down in an arc and then disappeared behind the trees".



ASTRONOMER'S DILEMMA

At least 50 people at Hay, N.S.W., saw what appeared to be the same mystery object, off and on, over a period of nearly a week.

The first time the object appeared was on Sunday, 19th September, 1965, at about 9.30 a.m.

One of the men who saw the thing was Mr. G. Hamm, a member of the Royal Astronomical Society and an officer in the Royal Australian Naval Reserve. Mr. Hamm tried to measure the height of the object with a theodolite when he first saw it, but he failed because of cloud.

He reported his sighting to the Canberra Headquarters of the R.A.N.

General census of opinion was that the object looked like an upturned saucer and emitted reddish exhaust flames.

(47)

SPACEMEN COLLECT CORPSES?

Villagers at Koka, about seven miles from Goroka, T.P.-N.G., were startled and scared on October 1, 1965, when they saw a fiery object rise from the local cemetery.

Inspector Brian Beattie, of Goroka Police, and Civil Aviation Department Official, Mr. Barry Lord, saw it, too, and were equally startled.

Inspector Beattie described the object as "a large, white light with a red centre which appeared low down just above a ridge". He said he watched it for a while before it disappeared.

Mr. Lord said he saw the light hovering above the ridge on which Koka was situated. He said: "It appeared to be round, with tongues of light shooting out all around it. The glow was so mense that it was impossible to tell the size. The sky was perfectly clear".



MYSTERIOUS RAY-BEAM

When Mr. Quigley, who lives at Adelaide, went out to shift his sprinkler at about 9.30 on one humid night last year, flying saucers couldn't have been further from his mind. But he remembers the 23rd November, 1965, as the day he saw an aircraft which was not of this world.

It flashed a blinking light, then suddenly stopped dead in

flight. Mr. Quigley waited ominously for the crash — but, surprisingly enough, this object just hung in the sky, hovering silently. When he first saw this fluorescent, blue cluster, tinged orange on the sides, he estimated it to be about a mile away.

Mr. Quigley was intrigued, and shone his weak torch in its direction. The moment he did so, a vertical, grey shaft became visible directly under the glowing object. For a moment he turned away to adjust his sprinkler, all the time aware of the unknown craft floating somewhere overhead. Finally, Mr. Quigley shone his torch again, and this time the dark, eerie column had moved closer, over his orchard.

When it became visible for a second time, he decided that he had had enough for one evening and hastened into his home. Fifteen minutes with an unknown craft and a mysterious ray-beam had convinced him that the sprinkler could be left until later.

(56)

UFOs NO STRANGERS TO TULLY

In January this year the Queensland town of Tully attracted world-wide attention when a flying saucer was sighted leaving "nest" markings behind in the swamps.

However, for Tully inhabitants, the flying saucers are not news at all. They have been visiting the area for well over a year.

Back in September, 1959, Max Menzel, driving a tractor about two miles from Euramo, saw a brilliant, large, conical craft, approximately 30 feet long, hovering just above the cane-tops, 100 feet away. Its vivid red and orange-coloured light illuminated a house nearby.

In February, 1965, Mr. O'Shea, who lives on a cane farm about 10 miles from Tully, noticed an impression in the ground which was similar to that of Tully "nests". An urgent business trip prevented him from undertaking any investigations.

On 16th October, from 10.30 till 11.15 at night, a wavering, white light caught the attention of a Mrs. Ford, who was visiting the O'Laughlan family in Tully. The next night she saw a similar glowing object hovering over Euramo. It disappeared below the tree tops, in the direction of Horse-Shoe Lagoon. (See Tully report, next pages.)

A few days later, Mrs. Winifred Mossop and at least ten others, watched a round object which nashed green, red and yellow lights. It seemed to have an antenna, and had two visible landing legs. Displays like this continued for four nights.

Again, in Euramo, Mr. and Mrs. Zonta, local bakers, recall two sightings made last November. One clear night at about 1 a.m., they saw a spinning orange-red ball light up the sky. On another occasion, a wavering, star-shaped object flickered through the clear night sky and disappeared rapidly.

In the second week of November, Mr. and Mrs. Theo Hondrudski, who live a mile outside Tully, saw a bluish-white, glowing orb streak through the sky.

A few days later, on 29th, Mrs. C. Noble, Mrs. W. Mossop, Miss C. Doolan and five others were gazing up at the clear, starry night, when suddenly two intensely bright round orange lights flew over, just above the grassy slopes of Mount Mackay. One fluttered down as if preparing to land. Both objects now became brilliantly white and settled on the hillside next to each other. One of these glows had a central light which suddenly emitted four to six flickering objects. They radiated outwards on a parallel plane to the ground, pulsating in dazzling and changing colours. Then they rapidly sped behind a line of vividly illuminated trees.

Miss Carmel Doolan later reported that on 10th December, around 7.30 p.m., she noticed a huge object just above the peak of Mount Mackay, which is 2½ miles west of Tully. This appeared to be a "double ball", the top sphere of which emanated a bright, golden light, and the lower part yellow and red rays. There also seemed to be a number of very bright, multi-coloured lights inside the craft, which was visible for two hours before it moved towards the coast.



1966

TIIIIY



ne main flying saucer "nest" in Horse-Shoe Lagoon, Tullv. Note the 9-inch layer of reeds flattened in a clock-wise direction which could support a 14-stone man.

A spate of sightings from the Tully district (North Queensland) during the last few months of 1965 was the prelude to one of the most spectacular saucer flaps of all times in Australia. The plotting maps of UFO investigators already showed clusters of dots around the small township, when a report came in on 19th January, that at Euramo, about four miles from Tully, banana grower George Pedley had seen a "vapour-like saucer" take off from a "nest" in the

Then two more "nests" were discovered by cane farmer Tom Warren and school teacher Hank Penning and the excitement was on. People from far and wide flocked to Tully to inspect the "nests" and the whole town soon became a scene of the most bizarre flying saucer discussion.

Reporters of leading newspapers arrived and reports on the event flashed throughout 'Australia. The RAAF took an interest and so did the University of Queensland in Brisbane.



What actually happened?

That morning, at about 9 a.m., George Pedley was driving a tractor along a narrow track on Albert Pennisi's cane farm. When approximately 25 yards from Horse-Shoe Lagoon, he heard above the noise of the tractor engine, a loud, hissing sound, "like air escaping from a tyre."

"The tractor tyres seemed O.K. to me, so I drove on," he said. 'Suddenly, an object rose out of the swamp. When I glanced at it, it was already 30 feet above the ground, and at about tree-top level. It was a large, grey, saucer-shaped object, convex on the top and bottom and measured some 25 feet across and 9 feet high. There were no port-holes, aerials, or any sign of life. While I watched, it rose another 30 feet, spinning very fast, then it made a shallow dive and took off with tremendous speed. Climbing at an angle of 45 degrees it disappeared within seconds in a south-westerly direction . . ."

Pedley could not believe his eyes, in fact, he thought he was having hallucinations. However, when he drove around the bend of the track to the lagoon, there, on the spot where the saucer had risen, was a huge, round clearing in the swamp grass. The grass was flattened in a perfect circle, just as if some terrific rotary force had pushed all the reeds down in a clock-wise direction. After this physical evidence, George concluded, "I have really seen something!"

Also, when he had passed the same spot three hours earlier, even from a distance of 12 feet, he did not notice anything unusual.

Later in the afternoon, Pedley, being unable to keep the secret to himself any longer, related his experience to one of his friends and to Mr. A. Pennisi on whose property the sighting occurred. He led them to the spot to see the "nest" for themselves.

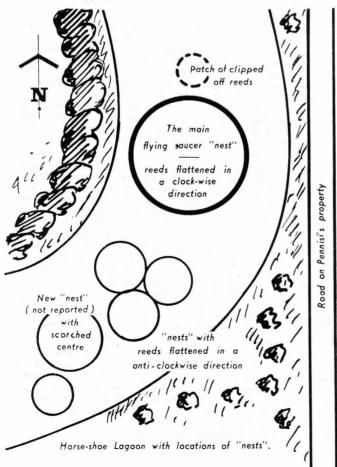
Both were astounded. Neither of them had ever seen anything like this before, though both were experienced bushmen. Mr. Pennisi did not doubt the story; he even commented that earlier in the morning at about 5.30, his dog went suddenly "mad" and bounded off towards the lagoon. It was agreed to inform the Police. A telegram was also sent to UFOIC in Sydney. The next day, the Police carried out a thorough examination. They knew Albert Pennisi was a sensible Army sergeant who had settled down on the land, and George Pedley, a practical young man, noted for his level-headedness.

The following information was released:

The "nest" was a perfectly circular clearing of 30 feet diameter. It consisted of a 9-inch layer of reeds torn out by the roots from the muddy bed of the lagoon. It was floating on the top of five feet of water and all the reeds were swirled in a clockwise direction. The flattened area was surrounded by healthy, upright green reeds, 2½ feet tall. The underwater examination showed that the lagoon floor was perfectly smooth with all roots cleanly removed, as though pulled out by some great sucking force.

Meanwhile, the news spread throughout Australia. Radio and television covered the "nest" and the story behind it with words and pictures. Newspapers dedicated their front pages to it. Also several theories were advanced: helicopters, crocodiles, dogs, secret military devices, etc., and the landing of a space-ship. Hundreds of people visited the area, some staying overnight at the lagoon, in the hope that the landing would be repeated. Cairns Aero Club sent a plane which spent hours searching the area for more "nests". None were found. However, among the sight-seers were Mr. T. Warren and Mr. H. Penning. Together they searched the swamps in the vicinity of the "nest" and, to everyone's surprise, discovered two more "nests".

These were only 25 yards away from the first one and a few feet apart from each other, but otherwise hidden in the thick swamp grass. Their size was considerably smaller, only one-third that of the main "nest", and the reeds were flattened, one in clock-wise, and the other anti-clockwise. Again a thick layer of up-rooted and swirled reeds was floating in a perfectly circular manner on the top of 4½ feet of water. This discovery stirred further interest in the search, resulting in another mystery. About six feet from the perimeter of the main "nest", a rectangular patch of the swamp couch grass, approximately five feet by six feet, had been clear-clipped at water level and pulled out, together with roots and muddy soil. Not a single blade or stump was left behind—just a clean-cut area with every trace of grass gone. The search was intensified for tracks, foot-prints or other markings, but without success. Comments were heard: "Somebody must have been clipping and pulling, hanging from the air"



With the interest at its peak, a report came in that Cooktown Police Sergeant R. Hagerty, together with his wife, had seen three strange "bubbles" about 30 inches in diameter, floating above the road, in front of his car. Further north, Mareba Police were told by Mrs. M. Hyde that she had spent every night during the last week watching a large, mysterious object in the sky.

"It appeared in the eastern sky about 10 p.m. and remained there until 2 a.m. Sometimes it turned over and its lights went off. Then it shot off with high speed, but soon re-appeared".

A report came also from Western Australia that a motorist, Lee Marshall, watched a saucer-shaped object with bright, rotating lights hover for more than an hour near Katanning, before soaring away at a terrific speed.

Back in Tully, a telephone conversation was held with the President of the Flying Saucer Queensland Research Bureau, Mr. S. Seers, who arranged that samples of reeds, grass, mud and water would be examined for radioactivity at the Department of Physics in Brisbane University. The Department of Botany also promised its assistance. The RAAF requested other samples to be flown to their base in Garbutt, Townsville for examination.

Radioactivity tests for Alpha, Beta and Gamma radiation proved negative. Only one sample showed some Beta counts, but were regarded as background radiation by physicist G. Taylor. Dr. R. Langdon reported after botanical examination that the grass apparently died from submersion in swamp water. No evidence of parasitic infestation or burning were found. The RAAF made no official comments at the time, but later stated: "there was nothing unnatural in the samples submitted for examination and the "nests" could have been the results of severe turbulence, which normally accompany line squalls and thunderstorms prevalent in North Queensland at that time of the year". As far as the visible phenomenon is concerned, "it could have been associated with or been the result of 'down draughts', 'willy-willys' or 'water sprouts' that are known to occur in the area".

On this note, the Tully case officially concluded—but not for Tully people or UFO researchers. Local experts who have a thorough knowledge of the bush and weather could not accept official explanations. They reject the idea that crocodiles may be responsible for "nests" and laughed away the suggestion that swamp birds were at work.

Similarly, the theory of the Botany Department claiming that the reeds had died from submersion, does not explain why only the reeds in the circle were killed and not all the reeds in the lagoon. It also fails to recognise the fact that the reeds had been uprooted from the floor, together with two to five inches of soil.

A Brisbane helicopter company denied the possibility that the "nests" could be caused by helicopters: "A 'copter's rotor might flatten the grass, but the grass would soon spring up again and it would not die. Also the depression in the swamps were close to trees and there were much better landing spots about 100 or 200 yards away which a helicopter pilot would choose".

The whirlwind hypothesis was also discarded on the grounds that the weather was fine at the time and, if a whirlwind had occurred, it would have "whisked' everything away.

Most people, too, rule out the possibility of a practical joker at work. "The difficulty of working in a swamp would have spoiled the joke before it started", they say.

There only remains the space-ship theory. Almost all of Tully's 2,500 population and hundreds of visitors saw the "nests" and heard the explanations. Except for a small core of sceptics, the overwheiming majority accepted Pedley's word.

New search teams were organised, for miles of swampland stretching along the coast had to be examined for possible turther evidence. Following this, exactly one week after the discovery of the first three "nests", a cane farmer, Lou Lardi, and his nephew, Van Klaphake, stumbled upon two more "nests". One was about 12 feet in diameter and the other eight feet; both, however, appeared much older than any of the previous ones. The smaller "nest" showed distinct marks of burning, in the shape of a circular patch of scorched reeds

placed in the centre. A few days later, again on Pennisi's tarm, an identical new nest with scorched centre was found; it was situated among the other, earlier nests. The reeds in the last three cases were flattened in an anti-clockwise direction.

Further investigations of Tully search teams, now already organised into a UFO Club, have brought to light many new facts and interesting observations. During subsequent interviews with Pedley, it was revealed that he omitted to report earlier the presence of a "sulphur" smell in the area around the "nest" after the UFO had departed. Also of great importance is the fact, which Pedley did not originally pay much attention to, that during the sighting, his tractor's engine started to "miss" and subsequently stopped. He thought that he himself may have stalled the engine when "astounded"—but, of course, Pedley did not then know about the so often reported electro-magnetic interferences with car-ignition caused by UFOs when in the vicinity. Further examination also established beyond doubt that on the morning when he saw the UFO, the sky was clear and sunny. The UFO was on his right—and the sun on his left. When the object rose above the trees, it moved in a direction away from him. Pedley thus watched the UFO unobstructed by trees or sun-glare.

Submersion tests on the reeds were carried out and showed that if the reeds were torn out of the ground and submerged in their own water-they died and turned brown in about three days. The Tully "nest" reeds died and turned brown within one day, or more precisely, in about 12 hours. Repeated underwater exploration beneath the main "nest" revealed three large holes in the mud-suggesting a possibility that the UFO was not floating or hovering, but actually resting on three leglike under-structures. Many other details connecting in chronological order the events of the night preceding the Tully landing were received and examined. From eye-witnesses' accounts, it was deduced that the UFO most probably landed first at about 2 a.m. on the slopes of Mt. Mackay, where it rested until about 5 a.m.-before departing for Horse-Shoe Lagoon. New particulars from Pennisi's farm also became known. It was found, although this was originally denied, that some strange "foot-prints" indeed existed around the area of the "nest". The "foot-prints" strongly suggested the marks of an animal, but could not be identified even by the most experienced bush-men. Similar "foot-prints" were found a few weeks later on another farm near Tully-again associated with a UFO landing (see next pages). They, too, could not be identified. Further, in Sydney, at the Bankstown "nest", six strange imprints were found in the mud which, when examined in plaster-cast by the Curator of the Sydney Museum, also defied identification. They, too, were suggestive of animal foot-prints but, despite this, remained a mystery for the zoologists.



Foot-prints from Pennisi's farm, found in single line with distance of 10 inches between foot-steps.

Drawing is one-half actual size.

The presence of "foot-prints" enormously complicates the Tully case. They certainly invite a great deal of speculation. Nevertheless, with or without them, the Pedley incident represents an excellent example of a spectacular UFO case.

The Pedley incident, however, should not be viewed merely on its own. The number of UFO incidents around Tully occurring before and soon after, as indicated in the following article, clearly shows that this case represents only a link in the chain of UFO cases in this area. They all, therefore, must be studied in conjunction—as a whole. In this perspective, regarding the perseverance of UFOs in Tully area, their number, repetition of landings practically on the same spots and the extent of the period of their visitations, we can conclude that "UFOs have visited Tully district with some definite purpose"—although unknown to us.

...after TULLY

Despite the fact that the Pedley drama was over, flying saucers still seemed to concentrate on Tully district and Queensland in general. On 27th January, at El Arish, only 10 miles north of Tully, a council worker, up at 4.30 a.m., was surprised to see a big bank of coloured lights above his caravan, on the hillside.

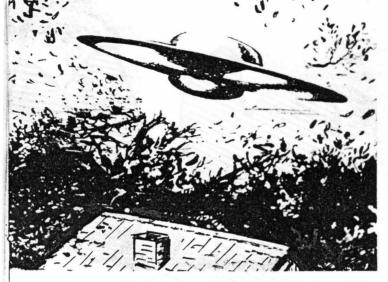
During the same day, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Henry watched a vivid light over the Pennisi's cane farm, which is 1½ miles away from them. It slowly descended behind some trees in the lagoon area of that property.

Then, on 2nd February,a strange craft was seen in Machan's Beach, Cairns, by a group of startled onlookers. Only two days later, another odd airship was reported, this time from Home Hill, in the Tully region, and although it came over the news, nothing else was heard about it. However, even more sightings were to follow. Around about 5 a.m. on the 10th of that month, Mr. and Mrs. Zonta, shop-keepers,of Euramo—five miles south of Tully, observed a star-shaped,orange light very low in the sky. Flickering all over, it moved down to tree top level, then took off rapidly towards the coast, where it was lost, from sight in the rays of the morning sun.

While staying in Ayr, on 14th and 15th February, Tully residents Mrs. Mossop and family made two unusual sightings. The first of these was also witnessed by neighbours. Mr. and Mrs. McQuillan. Two smaller lights were seen approaching a larger one. This celestial display was repeated the next night and verified separately by a local garage mechanic.

Mr. Pennisi, on whose land George Pedley found the original "saucer nests", reports that on the 17th, he sighted a strange light moving westwards. He rang some neighbouring farms in that direction and they saw it descend among the trees between their property and Hinchin Brooks Island. On the 21st, he and his wife watched another light travelling north-east in front of Mount Mackay at 7.15 p.m. At approximately the same time, two days later, three globes, in a triangular formation passed overhead. The neighbouring Smithwick and Henry families also saw these.

At 5 a.m. on the 22nd, Mr. Peter Palcic saw a big, silvery object pass over his bush-hut, seven or eight miles south of Euramo, near the Murray River. When it swooped low, he estimated the round, silvery object to be about 25 or 30 feet in diameter. Later, he told Mrs. Zonta, in Euramo, that it had flames coming from underneath. She says he laughed at the Pedley sighting, but is now convinced about the reality of such strange happenings.



Around 9 p.m. on the 24th, Mrs. Gillespie and her children, who live at Murray Upper, ten miles south of Tully, noticed an "odd" light just above the trees on their property and about 60 feet from their house. When her thirteen-year-old son focused his binoculars on it, he noticed that the stationary craft seemed to be rotating.

They all saw a beam of light at one end. A mixture of orange, white and blue light beamed through from behind the trees as it descended. By the time it had reached the level below the tops of the trees, a vivid orange half-circle shone out at the side of the foliage. Although the sighingt took place only a few yards from the roadway, no car passed by in three hours, thus excluding the possibility that this may have been a car. Mrs. Gillespie found it difficult to estimate the size of the object, which finally drifted away in an easterly direction.

On the same night, a Mrs. Cohe, who lives two miles away from the Gillespies, saw a red "star" light travelling very quickly over the tree tops. For a moment it disappeared, then came on again before finally vanishing. Earlier, in the morning, at a quarter to five, Mrs. Walpole, of Tully, had heard an eerie noise which prompted her to look towards De Lucas' hill. She saw a light gliding across the face of Mount Mackay, northwards, gradually being engulfed in the clouds.

While Mr. Lund and Mr. J. Dew were returning, early on the morning of the 24th, from a fishing trip, they observed two pulsating, green-tinged, stationary lights for about 15 minutes. They seemed to be three miles distant and very low above the ground. The spot where they made this sighting in the clear night is about a quarter of a mile from the township of Tam-O'Shanter.

On the 28th, Mrs. C. Noble, of Tully, watched a satellite going overhead from west to east in the northern sky at 7.15 p.m. Then, within 10 minutes, an orange light was seen travelling from south to north, directly along the ridge of Mount Tyson. The neighbouring Pennisi's rung through to two local priests, who also saw it. It travelled in a half-circle.

March also boasted of a spectacular list of sightings. On the 9th, at 11.30 p.m., a Mrs. Flower and the above-mentioned Mrs. C. Noble observed a vivid, orange glow above Mount Tyson, which pulsed red a few times before being slightly obscured by a light cloud. Then it seemed to come closer, increasing in sibe and brilliance before disappearing behind the mountain.

Only two days later, just before 10 p.m., Mrs. Jean White watched a light above Mount Tyson for about five minutes. Suddenly, a brighter light emanated from it and sped off behind Mount Tyson. She now watched through binoculars the first stationary light, which gave off yet another light after a quarter of an hour or so. This one shot away very quickly straight upwards, and moved continually up and down and resembled in outline, "a pot plant standing upright and then being tilted sideways". She watched this for over an hour before retiring from exhaustion.

Mount Tyson was the scene of yet another UFO sighting on 15th March. That evening, at about ten minutes to ten, Mrs. Jean Scott, of Tully, observed a brilliantly lighted object travelling rapidly south to north in a horizontal line, well over the tree-tops of Mount Tyson. Altogether, it was in view for about a minute before disappearing behind the mountain. Her view was unobstructed by mist or cloud. Three days later, at 9 p.m., she again observed a weird, silent light above Mount Tyson, over its right hump. At first, only an oval glow of pulsating, reddish light was visible. Then, three beams of light seemed to come from underneath, extending downwards and converging at the same time. After a few moments, the oval seemed to fade. In its place, three round lights now appeared in a semi-circle, remaining in this formation for five minutes, then pulsating, and then "went out". They now re-appeared over the left hump on the northern face of the mountain, seeming more brilliant than before. They hovered above the treetops. After eight or nine minutes they disappeared. Once again there were no clouds or mist in the sky.

On the following day, the 19th, around 8.30 p.m., she again saw a noiseless UFO which pulsated steadily as it moved along quite fast from south to north. This brilliant "neonlight" object disappeared behind the mountains. Viewing conditions were perfect as before. At 9.25, the following evening, Mrs. Scott saw yet another bright light, this time to the right of Mount Tyson. For a minute it glowed steadily, then went out suddenly. A few seconds later, it appeared further along and came up from behind the mountain before dissolving into darkness. At 2.30 the same night, the pigeons next door went suddenly berserk and flapped around madly. Nothing could be found by the surprised owners that could have frightened the birds; they had never acted like that before. Mrs. Scott recalls hearing a humming sound in the air which could have upset their temperament, although at the time no UFO was visible. The sightings still continued, however. On 22nd March, at 7.35 p.m., she sighted what was possibly a pulsating UFO travelling from the horizon to the mountain in about three minutes. As on all the previous occasions, the object was silent. Later, at ten minutes to eleven p.m., a small, quiet, lighted object, pulsating as the others had done, moved high across the cloudless sky from east to west. It disappeared westwards over the mountains towards Townsville.



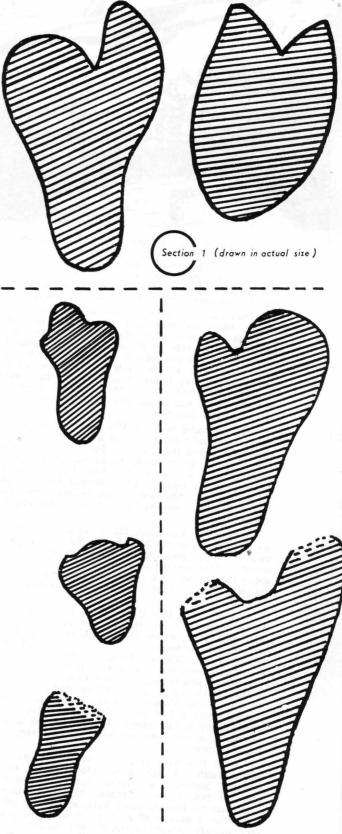
UFOs continued to be seen over Mount Tyson. On 25th March, at 7.45 p.m., Mrs. C. Noble and the Mossop family, whom she was visiting, watched a light descending slowly above Mount Tyson, before moving up the Tully Intake (Water Supply-way). After this, they noticed three other starlike lights above the same mountain. They obtained a torch and flashed it in their direction. To their surprise, two of these "went out", leaving a brilliant one on its own, which began answering their signals! "It would go out to practically nothing, then come on in a big burst", repeating this procedure many times for an hour or so. Later Mrs. Noble went out to the Mossop's banana farm, and there, "sitting in the Gap was a slightly smaller one. Both of these answered torch signals as before.



Again on the 27th, at 10 p.m., Mrs. Noble saw a UFO and she flashed her torch again. At one stage, when the object responded, its answer was a flash of terrific size.

However, apart from the actual sightings, reports were received of an important observation concerning some strange "foot-prints" which have been found on both the Pennisi's and Mossops' properties (see illustrations). The former were found by the Pennisis among their bananas, and also in the centre of their small, half-acre lagoon. When Mrs. Mossop saw these, she was immediately excited because of their similarity to imprints found on the outskirts of her farm. She had first noticed these after the Pedley sighting on 19th January, but was unable to identify them with the markings of local animals.

Various possibilities present themselves here! Such imprints could be caused by some animal which was completely unfamiliar to them. Considering this very unlikely, and taking into account the events at the time, connection with the spaceships could be considered. Were they markings of space apparatus, the foot-prints of a strange space-man in a protective suit, or of an alien creature purposely let loose in our environment to test its reactions?



Foot-prints found on Mossop's farm drawn half the actual sizes. Note the similarity between the right foot-print on Section 1 and the imprint from Pennisi's property if a line is drawn down the centre of the former.

Meanwhile, Mrs. Jean Scott was still noticing strange air-ships in Tully skies. On 28th March, at 8.50 p.m., she watched a very brightly lit UFO move directly over the summit of Mount Tyson, "about 50 feet up", hovering and glowing while swinging from side to side with a pendulum action. It then "slid sideways for a few skips" and glowed yellow for a few minutes before moving westerly, out of sight behind the mountains. However, it soon appeared from the north, low down and travelling towards the tree-tops to the north of Mount Tyson, seeming to approach Tully in a curve. It hovered for a moment, then "went out". Once again, no sound was heard emanating from the object. On three occasions between 8 and 9 p.m., she noticed three other small lights to the north, flitting around the hill ridges and tree-tops. These remained much the same size and finally flickered out all together.

Then, on 31st March, at 7.40 p.m., Mrs. Scott sighted a bright light overhead. When nearly above Mount Tyson, it started to zig-zag sharply from left to right, seven or eight miles before continuing in a slightly curved course from south to north, then north to east. The object was seen for about two minutes in all, and travelled faster than a satellite. At 8.40 p.m. the same night, a glowing, round light appeared above some nearby trees, 50 feet high. It hovered there for about 20 to 30 seconds, pulsating a few times, then flickered out

Mrs. Winifred Mossop had reported a greeny-blue, glowing object which "danced" up and down below the moon for about five minutes on the night of 8th April at Innisfail. At the same place on the 4th, four witnesses had watched a round object moving towards Cairns at 7.15 p.m.

On 7th April, Mrs. Jean Scott again observed a brilliant light flashing high up through the night sky, descending from south-west at a steep angle. She watched this for about eight seconds just after 7.30 p.m. and was surprised by the thick trail it left behind in the sky. Three days later, an erratic light was seen, pausing, then dodging about, before disappearing to a "pin point" in the direction of the Southern Cross.

From the evidence of these sightings it would seem, as is often the case, that it is unwise to isolate a UFO incident. The pattern of events both before and after the famous Tully case, in which Mr. George Pedley found the "nests", is significant. Although scientists and Air Force officials have tried to explain away the single Pedley landing, such a sequence of UFO incidents is very much more convincing, and correspondingly harder to disprove in the face of the evidence.

UFOs FROM COAST TO COAST

While the events in Tully were just gaining momentum, news came from Perin, Western Australia, that Mr. Lee Marshall, 21, of Katanning, noticed early in the morning, at 12.30 a.m. of the same day as the Tully case, a row of brilliant lights on the brow of a distant hill. "They looked like the lights of a semi-trailer, and I did not pay much attention," he said. "Then, as I drove over the crest of the hill, I was blinded by a bright, yellow light".

Mr. Marshall stopped his car, turned off the lights, and saw a large object hovering about half a mile away. 'It had a revolving top, like a lighthouse tower, and emitted bright red, yellow and green lights''.

The object was hovering motionless in the air at about 50 feet above the ground, then gently ascended vertically to approximately 2,000 feet. Only a noise like swarming bees could be heard.

"I watched, unable to move, for nearly 1½ hours", Mr. Marshall said. "Then the lights appeared to become brighter and the object soared off towards Katanning at a terrific pace".

When he arrived home at about 2 a.m., he woke his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, and his brother, Ken. All four watched the object for about 15 minutes as it circled the town before heading away to the south-west.

GLOWING OBJECT

Mrs. Annie Warrell, of Wauchope, N.S.W., usually relaxes with a cup of tea around 9 p.m., in front of an open window. So she did on 29th March this year, when suddenly a brilliant light in the air attracted her attention. Immediately she realised that the light, slowly passing by, was not just an ordinary light, but a brightly lit, strange object. Its shape was a very well-defined oval, as large as a car and had portholes along the side which glowed a vivid red. The object seemed to be divided in two portions; the front half, which had four peculiar funnel-like structures emanating red flames—and the rear half, which appeared to be covered with a glass-like canopy glaring in bright yellow. Within this portion, there was a dazzling rectangular section containing several small, rapidly rotating wheels.

Mrs. Warrell immediately considered the possibility that the object she saw may be the UFO which had been so much in the local news recently. She rushed out to call the neighbours—but their homes were already in darkness. By now the silent, glowing object slowly moved away, apparently following a line of telegraph poles along the road and just above them. It dimmed somewhat, but it was still clearly visible in the distance. With the last glimpses, she could see it dip low suddenly and disappear above the Watson Taylor's lake.

Overall, this strange craft was watched for about ten minutes. Apart from the excitement, Mrs. Warrell remained unperturbed—but, nevertheless, she is not too anxious to sight a UFO again.

HAZY LIGHT SKIMS CAR

There are numerous reports of UFOs chasing cars and frightening drivers—some people even think that this is your best chance to see a flying saucer. But, for Miss Gael, Buchanan, daughter and secretary of a Sydney doctor, and her companion, Guy Norman, this was something completely new until 1st January this year.

While driving at 9 p.m. through flat paddock country from Narrabri to Wee Waa in North-West N.S.W., they noticed a brilliant, white object, which manoeuvred as if about to land. "It took a sudden dive to the ground, pulling out to skim very fast just above ground-level, then lifted very steeply to the sky", she said. "It circled several times, repeating the same performance. We thought, perhaps, it was a helicopter at first, but it was travelling far too rapidly, even faster than a plane".

There was no discernible shape; only dazzling, white light divided by a rim of dark shadow. No sound was heard. At times it appeared to be spinning like a coin on its axis, slightly exposing its undersurface before rising quickly and disappearing. It was gone for a minute.

Then, "in my rear-vision mirror, I saw a light approaching behind me, it was the UFO! For a fraction of a second, it seemed to hover over my car, just enough time for Guy to put his head out of the window and look up". He saw a brilliant disc swish over the car and skim across the fields out of sight—as quickly and quietly as it had come.



Miss Gael Buchanan.



Sydney Saucer "Nest"

Bankstown "nest" with Robert De Note flattened reeds in clock direction as in T

While the "Tully Saucer" still fascinated and intrigued the public mind, and a turther search of the area uncovered other "nests", making up a total of seven—a Sydney news flash claimed that on 14th February, 1966, the suburb of Bankstown may have been the site of another flying saucer landing. Radio, TV and the Press reported that two high school boys, Robert Denis and Larry Stewart, discovered a "nest" in a swamp one mile east of Bankstown Airport—but "kept mum" for 10 days.

On their way home from school, taking a short cut through the swamp, they came upon a clearing in the high grass, which appeared to be identical to the "nest" at Tully. The clearing was a perfectly circular area, 19 feet 6 inches in diameter, or flattened reeds which had been forced upon the muddy ground in a clock-wise direction. The reeds were bent at the base and not broken. Immediate surrounding of tall grass did not show any tracks of access to, or exit from the area

An on-the-spot investigation by UFOIC confirmed the original findings, although a great amount of damage was done to the "nest" by the TV camera and hundreds of visitors. "The area appeared as if it had been flattened by a huge spinning disc or by some forceful downdraft of air moving in circular motion", they reported. A flexibility test on the reeds showed that they snapped off at the stem when bent.

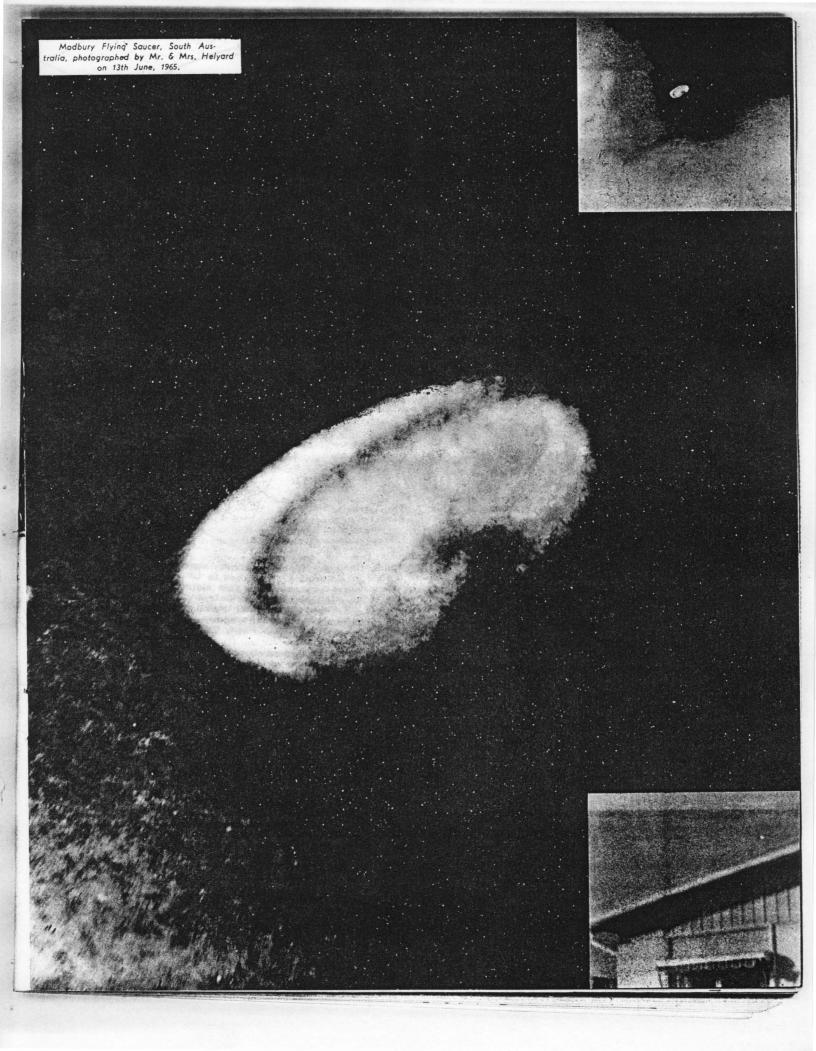
In our interview with the boys, another interesting detail came up. In their words: "When we first found the 'nest', we noticed a particular pungent chemical smell, which seemed to hang in the air. It was not like the usual musty swamp smell, and furthermore, when we went back the next day the smell was gone".

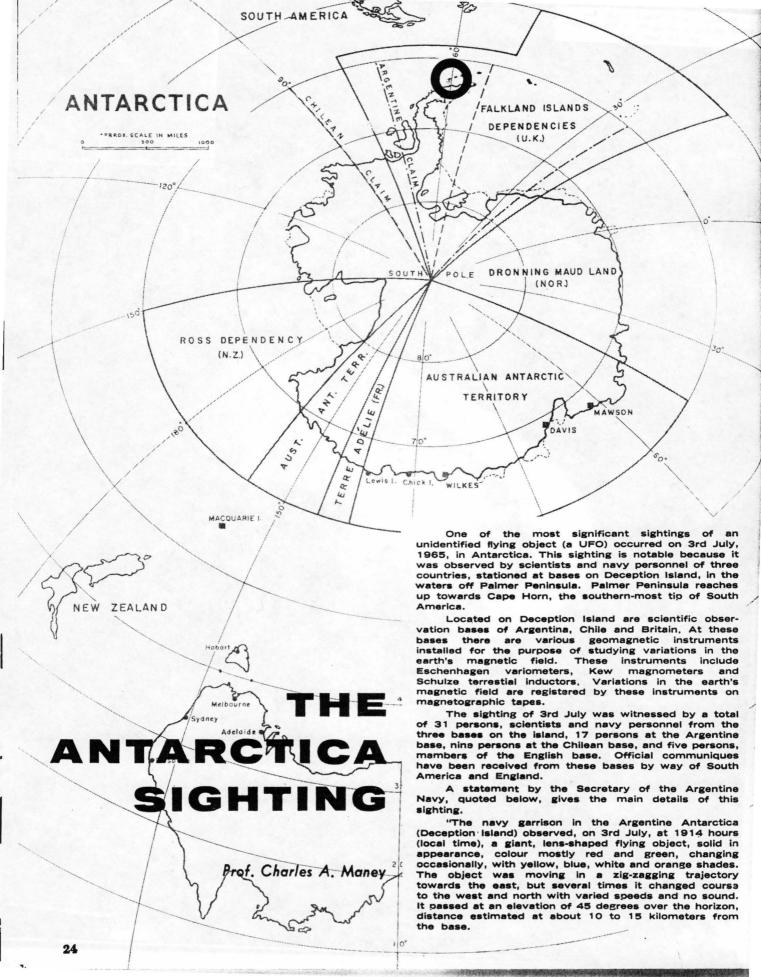
UFO students find themselves in another dilemma. Was this a "de facto" space-craft landing without the UFO being seen—or was it an otherwise explainable phenomenon, or even a hoax? Since the "nest" is only near the airport and in line with the eastern runaway, one may easily speculate that the "nest" was caused by a sports plane crash or an adjacent helicopter landing. Both of these possibilities are ruled out on the grounds that such an event could not remain hidden from the eyes or ears of the neighbourhood. Inquiries made at homes 100 feet around the gully and the spot itself, including interviews with some builders working on an extensive project, categorically excluded such suggestions.

Whatever the object, including UFO, it must have landed during the night in complete silence. The Bankstown Airport, being only a sports-plane flying-school airstrip, is normally closed during the night. The posibility of a hoax was also investigated, but the methods by which the "nest" could be faked, like running a dog in circles, or tramping the grass, spinning a rod purposely in circles did not fit the findings.

Following the publicity given to Bankstown's discovery, several persons volunteered relevant details and observations. Mrs. Maureen Clunne, of Punchbowl, reports that she watched for a week some mysterious white lights hover and move about the locality, sometimes for an hour. Her neighbour, Reg Lawson, confirms this and adds that as many as three lights were seen at night at the same time. Mr. Jim Mats, of Darlinghurst, reports that he has seen very bright lights remain motionless for some time over Bankstown.

On the basis of circumstantial evidence and similarities to the Tully sighting, a strong suggestion exists that the Bankstown "nest" was indeed another UFO landing.





"During the manoeuvres performed by the object, the witnesses were able to register its tremendous speeds and also the fact that it hovered, motionless, for about 15 minutes at an altitude of about 5,000 metres (3.10 miles).

The meteorological conditions for the area of the sighting can be considered as very good for this time of the year: clear sky, some strato-cumulus, moon in the last quarter, and perfect visibility ".

The Chilean official report reveals that the object was round-shaped, left a contrail, was tracked by theodolites and powered binoculars, and that it disappeared into cirrus clouds.

The visual observations of the phenomenon lasted 20 minutes, while the geomagnetic instruments registered the presence of the UFO for one hour and two minutes. The disturbances in the earth's magnetic field were registered on magnetographic tapes at the stations.

This dramatic UFO sighting produced strong reactions among the observers.

Commandant of the Chilean Air Force's Antarctic Base, Don Maris Jhan Barrera, had this to say about the sighting when asked his opinion.

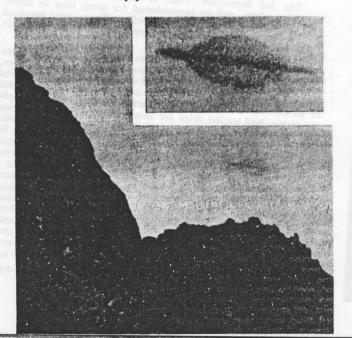
"It is very rash to give an opinion in the matter, but what we observed was no hallucination or collective psychosis. We are at this base here for scientific tasks, and what we see, we try to analyse from this point of view. But I can say that it was not a star, for it had a very rapid and continuous movement. As far as I am concerned, it is a celestial object that I am unable to identify. That it could be an aircraft constructed on this earth, I do not believe possible. I belong to the Air Force and, to my knowledge, the machines built by man fall far below this, in respect to shape, speed, manoeuvrability in the air, etc."

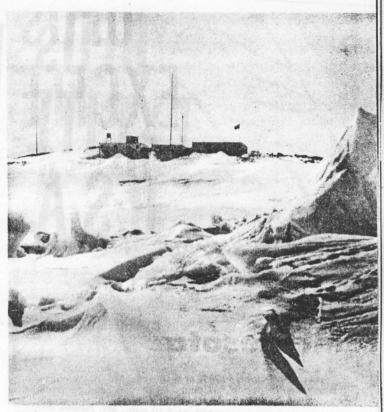
The description of the object' performance given by the Commandant of the Argentine Base, Daniel Perrisse, tallied exactly with that of Commandant Barrera.

An object at a height of 5,000 meters, observed at an angle of 45 degrees, would be approximately 7,000 metres of 4.2 miles from the observer. Assuming a fluctuation in the intensity of the earth's magnetic field of one ten-thousandth of an oersted, produced by the magnetic field of the UFO, not an unreasonable assumption by the universe square law, gives a calculation of 49 million oersteds for the field of the UFO.

This calculation, as well as others secured in accordance with principles of physics, indicates millions of units of magnetic field strength associated with UFOs. The strongest magnetic field yet produced in earth laboratories is but a small fraction of the strengths

Trindade photo of Saturn-shaped UFO taken on 16th January, 1958, from the Brazilian Navy ship, "Almirante Saldanha", engaged in I.G.Y. research.





One of the international Antarctic bases over which the UFO was seen and photographed.

of fields associated with UFOs. Recently, at the National Magnet Laboratory at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, a non super-conducting, water-cooled electromagnet was developed, which sustains a field of 250,000 gauss, the strongest magnetic field yet produced in earth laboratories.

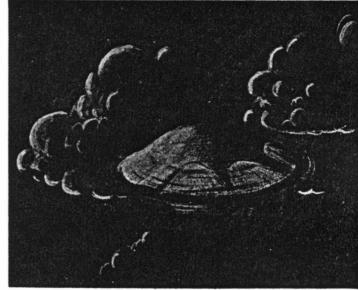
Even though the scientific character of the means of propulsion of UFOs is not known, it is reasonable to assume that the power plant associated with UFOs, and related in some way not yet known to the means of propulsion, would need to be very powerful and relatively compact.

In looking about for a possible type of such a device, we turn naturally to the idea of controlled nuclear fission. This problem presents many difficulties as yet to be overcome by earth scientists, but we can assume that it has been solved by UFO intelligences.

If man can learn how to achieve the fusion of deuterium into helium under controlled conditions, an energy source virtually without limit will be within his grasp. The amount of deuterium in one gallon of water is about one-eighth of a gram or about 1/30,000 of the weight of a gallon of water. Yet this small amount of deuterium in one gallon of water, which can be extracted at a cost of less than 4 cents, if it were burned as a fuel in a fusion reactor; would be the equivalent of some 300 gallons of gasoline. The total amount of deuterium in the oceans has been estimated 10 or 100 quadrillion pounds, and has a value of 10 or 100 quintillion kilowatt years. Further calculations, assuming the current rate of energy consumption (about 5 x 10 kilowatts), there would be enough deuterium on the earth to provide a source of energy for some 20 billion years.

Now, when we observe the wealth of deuterium in the oceans of the earth, and note the dryness of some celestial bodies like our moon and the planet Mars, might not we speculate that the earth is unusually rich in the amounts of space travel fuel available—a fabulous gold mine of energy for outer space travellers. Who knows but that the attraction of the earth for outer space visitors is the vast supply of deuterium available

UFOS EXCITE U.S.A.



Artist's version of the same object seen through binoculars.

Minnesota

On 21st October, 1965, at 6.10 p.m., Mr. Arthur Strauch, Deputy Sheriff of Sibley County, Minnesota, and four others, spotted a UFO two miles from St. George. It moved northeast into the wind for a distance of several hundred feet and then hovered for a few seconds, during which time its light changed from bright white to dull orange several times. Then it rapidly moved towards the south-east, making an audible, high-pitched whine, and disappeared.

However, Mr. Strauch had snapped a photo of the object and viewed it through binoculars. In his own words: "The rounded top of the dome was a metallic silver grey that reflected the rays of the setting sun, turning the object into a large, orange ball. Surrounding the dome were four small

Photo of UFO taken by Deputy Sheriff Arthur Strauch on 21st October, 1965.

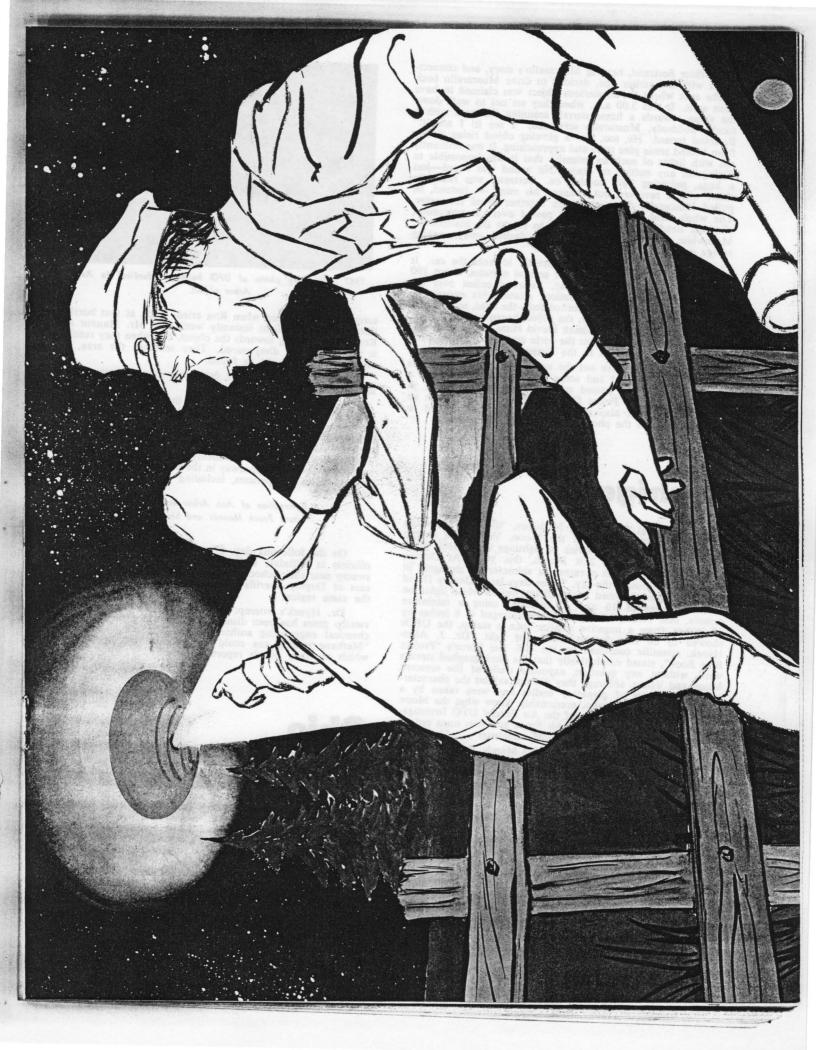


portholes that emitted a bright yellow light. Just below the windows or ports was an area that glowed a light blue. This light seemed to be a reflection of some inner light or, perhaps, an exhaust. From the edge of the blue light's reflection to the saucer-edge (outer rim), the outer ring was rotating counter-clockwise, causing it to throw off an aurora or halo of light that changed from orange to white with an overall type of blue and green. The extreme outer edge of the saucer glowed a bright orange, and this part did not move or rotate". He also observed a black spot at the "front" of the machine which he considered may have been an air-intake, and noticed that the object tilted downwards at an angle of about 15 degrees with the ground level. Mr. Strauch has four additional, reliable witnesses to confirm his report, and it is thus difficult to ignore.

Exeter

The 3rd September, 1965, is the date by which Exeter. New Hampshire, will be remembered for some time to come. At least five people, including two police officers, were involved in what is one of the most dramatic sightings of UFOs in recent months.

It all started just after midnight, when Patrolman Eugene Bertrand, cruising on Route 101 about two miles from Exeter, saw a car parked on the Exeter-Hampton by-pass. He found two women, Mrs. Pearce and her daughter, Sharon, in a state of shock—for a huge, silent, airborne object, flashing brilliant red lights, had trailed them for nine miles, sometimes keeping only a few feet above the car. Bertrand assured them that there were no such things as "flying saucers". However, he was called to Exeter Police Station around 2.30 a.m., where he heard the story of 18-year-old Norman Muscarello who, just a few minutes earlier had rushed into the station in a state of near-shock. While hitch-hiking north to Exeter about 2.00 a.m., he had been startled by a huge flying object, which he estimated to be 80 or 90 feet in diameter, which wobbled, yawed and floated noiselessly towards him. It had brilliant red lights which pulsated around an apparent rim. Muscarello dived for cover, watching the object glide away and stop over a nearby house. It illuminated the building and all the area around with an intensely red colour. Then a car came by and after Muscarello frantically waved it to a halt, a middle-aged couple gave him a lift to Exeter Police Station.



Officer Bertrand, hearing Muscarello's story, and connecting it with the earlier one, decided to drive Muscarello back to the spot where the mysterious object was claimed to have been seen. It was 3.00 a.m. when they set out to walk down the slope towards a horse corral, scanning the area with a torch. Suddenly, Muscarello screamed, "I see it! I see it!" Bertrand turned. He, too, saw a glowing object rising slowly from behind some pine trees and approaching. It was brilliantly red with lights of such an intensity that it was impossible to distinguish any outline or shape. No sound was heard-just a huge, pulsating light coming on. Bertrand was ready to shoot with a revolver, but changed his mind — instead, he pulled Muscarello down and both together dived for cover. The whole field turned red as it passed over. It proceeded, climbing steadily, then it turned as to repeat the maneouvre. Meanwhile, Muscarello and Bertrand dashed away, seeking refuge in the police car.

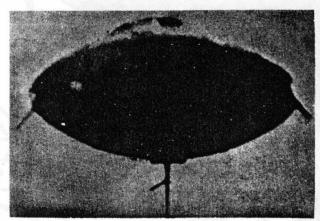
The object returned, gliding directly towards the car. It stopped and hovered overhead for several minutes, about 100 feet above them. Inside the car, Bertrand called over the car radio to Exeter Police Station, relating his experience. Everything around them had turned red—the field, road, inside of the car, etc. Then, slowly, the object began to move away. A few moments later, Patrolman David Hunt stopped near-by. He arrived in time to witness the eerie craft gliding across the trees until it disappeared in the distance.

However, they were not the only ones perturbed; horses panicked in the corral and some nearby dogs had started a din when the object passed overhead. Later that night, at 3.17 a.m., Hampton Police Department were advised that an unknown man had also seen a large UFO and wished to contact them, but the phone call was cut off.

Michigan

However, at Ann Arbor, Michigan, "die-hard" scientists have used a combination of the Moon, Venus and swamp gases to explain away a series of sightings which took place between the 17th and 21st March, this year. At Dexter, where the first incident occurred, a shimmering, strangely lit object glided through the sky. Three days later, Deputy David Fitzpatrick photographed two brilliant, yellow-white lights on time exposures of 10 and 12 minutes, using a miniature camera, near Milan, Michigan. When enlarged to 8 inches by 10 inches, from a negative smaller than a stamp, the UFOs showed to be two distinct streaks of light. Dr. J. Allen Hynek, scientific consultant to the U.S. Air Force's "Project Blue Book", stated emphatically that the photographed streaks were, without any question, exposure trails of the crescent Moon and Venus, although they did not exhibit the characteristic slight curve of planetary bodies and were taken by a man of responsibility who, presumably, knew what the Moon looked like. (Paragraph 3c of the Air Forces' UFO Investiga-tion Order AFR200-2 states, "Air Force activities must reduce the percentage of unknowns to the minimum . . . ").

At about 8 p.m. on Sunday, 20th March, Frank Mannor, 47, who lives with his family in a farm house 12 miles northwest of Ann Arbor, was disturbed by the persistent barking of his six dogs. He went outside to investigate and, in a swampland extending for a distance away from his house, he saw lights and a faint red glow. Calling his son, Ron, 19, to accompany him for an inspection of what he thought to be a crashed meteorite. Soon, however, they realised that the light was not a meteorite, but a glow of a strange object. Carefully they approached. From a distance of a few hundred yards they could clearly see an object as long as an automobile which had two lights, one dark green at one end of it, and a bright white at the other. Its back was humped and it dazzled with a greyish or bluish-brown tinge, and its under-surface was rough "like coral rock". The object seemed to hover about eight feet off the ground in a patch of mist. On the bottom, there were two antennae-like extensions protruding and the humped top appeared to be a "cupola". Suddenly, it



1957 U.S. Navy photo of UFO believed identical to Ann Arbor object.

turned blood-red, and when Ron cried, "look at that horrible thing, Dad!", the light instantly went out. Mr. Mannor and Ron began running towards the object, but when they reached it the object had disappeared. They searched the area, but nothing unusual could be found.

Back in the house, they decided to phone Dexter Police and report the incident.

Soon the police arrived, so did the onlookers. The area was searched for evidence. Dexter Police Chief, Robert Taylor, Patrolman Nolan Lee, Washtenaw County Deputy Sheriffs Stanley McFadden and David Fitzpatrick all reported having seen a distant red glow as they stumbled around in the dark. They agreed that the light suddenly vanished, and a "whining" sound was heard to zipp away in the direction of the Mannor's house. In all, 52 persons, including 12 policemen, saw the object.

Re-creation of Ann Arbor scene from the exact spot where Frank Mannor and his son watched the object

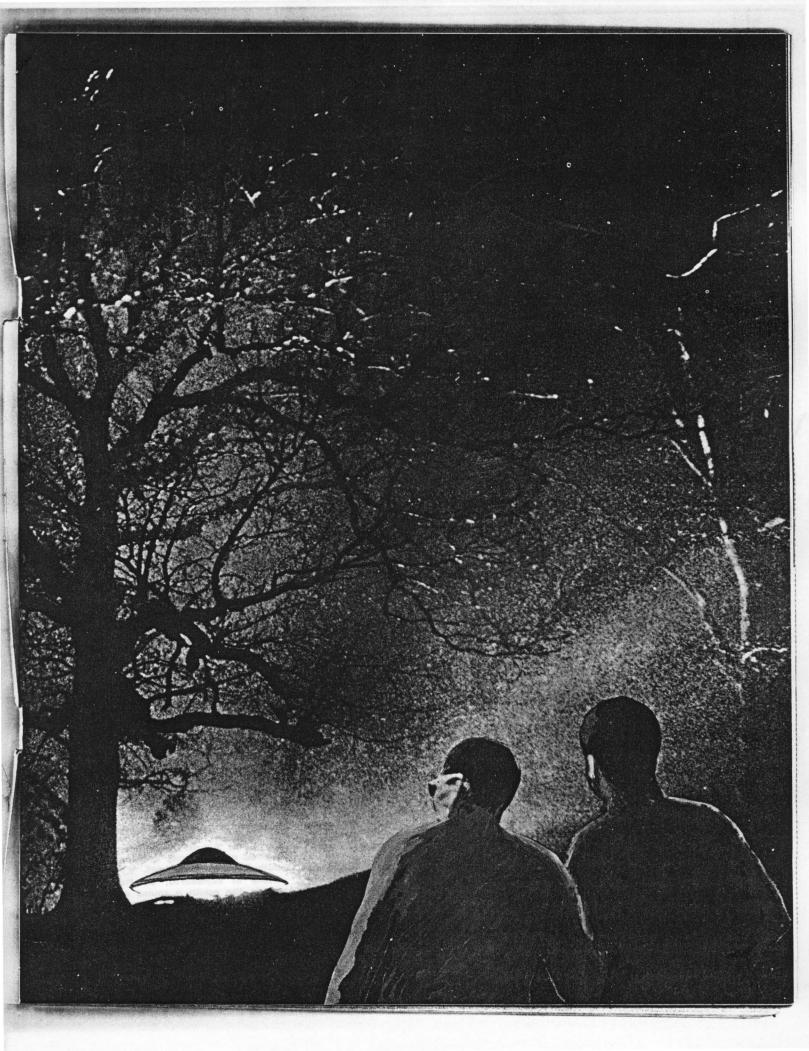
On the following day, 87 co-ed students and two school officials at Hillsdale College reported glowing lights over a swamp near their school, and three days after this, four squad cars of Deputy Sheriffs watched a UFO for 45 minutes in the same region.

Dr. Hynek's attempt to explain the sightings away as swamp gases has been dismissed by several experts, including chemical engineering authority, John F. Sullivan. He said: "Methane swamp gas could not produce the lighted effect which so many people reported seeing".

Ohio

In Ohio, the police force had to work overtime on UFOs as well. On 17th April this year, two Deputy Sheriffs, Dale Spaur and W. L. Neff, from Postage County, trailed a blazing, circular UFO for 85 miles—from Atwater, Ohio, to Freedom, Pennsylvania. Spaur declared that the object, which he estimated to be 30 to 45 feet in diameter, was brighter than anything he had ever seen in his life, and appeared to have something like an antenna protruding from its base. It made a whining noise, like that of a rapidly turning motor, and was later described as resembling "an ice-cream cone, big end up". Another patrolman who joined the chase, Wayne Huston, of East Palestine, Ohio, was impressed by the way in which the object waited for its pursuers to catch up when they lagged behind.

Do the debunkers like Dr. Hynek think that swamp gas has a sense of humour?



GREAT UFO ACTIVITY OVER ARGENTINA

By our special correspondent in Argentina, who is also representative for the Flying Saucer Review, London.

Oscar A. Galindez



For years it has been observed that a great number of world UFO events occurred in South America. In fact, some of the most spectacular sightings and landings ever reported come from Argentina, Brazil, Peru and countries in the immediate geographical vicinity. It appears that an area gravitating towards the upper Amazon and extending in a circle of a few thousand kilometres radius is, for some reason, the most favoured place for flying saucer excursions.

Several theories try to explain this observation. Some claim that recent discoveries of prehistoric cities and monuments now intensely studied, indicate an existence of a highly advanced civilisation which, long before the era of Toltecs, Mayas, Aztecs and Incas, disappeared without a trace. This civilisation may have developed a great technological knowledge able to produce on its own, or through contact with other cosmic civilisations, space machines which eventually took them on extra-terrestial emigration. Flying saucers of today are possibly visiting the home of their forefathers. The other theory gaining steadily in importance by accumulation of relevant data is the belief that space-ships have actual bases in this area, which according to "Linea Bavic", extends north of Salta and Puna de Atacama.

Argentina and Brazil had the special attention of UFOs during the last two years. Large numbers of mysterious objects were sighted in both countries. Some reports speak of landings of what appear to be vehicles of some sort and of attempted contacts of their crews with baffled and terrified citizens.

The wave of sightings began in Argentina on the night of 14th January, 1964. A cigar-shaped, luminous object appeared in the skies of Bahia Blanca (Buenos Aires). The object had flashing lights, travelled at an irregular speed from east to west, and stopped briefly on several occasions. Although many people saw it, the object did not register on the radar screen of the "Commander Espora" air base. Local papers reported the remarkable phenomenon, but there was no comment from the authorities.

Then, on 8th February, at midnight, a well-known family at Balcaree (Buenos Aires) sighted a maneouvring, luminous disc, which disappeared as mysteriously as it came.

On 7th March, in Gualeguaychu province of Entre Rios, a group of neighbouring people observed about half a dozen flying objects formed in a semi-circle and radiating a strong light. Later, one of the objects accompanied a truck driver for more than five miles and stopped when the driver slowed down to take a better look.

At dawn on 13th March, at Metan (Salta province), luminous objects appeared in the sky, moving in various directions. Witnesses reported seeing five discs, one of which seemed bigger than the others. Two of the men who reported the event were a railway employee, Ramon Benito Gonzalez, and another named Solaliga.

On 22nd March, again at Gualeguaychu, six more saucers and a "mother ship" appeared. The "mother ship" radiated an intense red light, which gradually turned to violet. The objects remained motionless for several minutes over Public School No. 10, near the Official Colony of El Protrero. They were round and made no noise, and disappeared in a south-easterly direction.

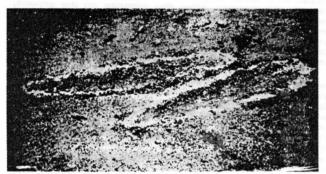
A few hours earlier that day, three people in Ledesma (Jujuy province), Raul Rayat, Enrique Saavedra and Hugo Salazar, saw a flying disc. They told the Press that, at 7.30 p.m., they saw a large, luminous object from their small truck in which they were travelling, moving from south to north.

On the night of 10th April, people in La Pastora (Buenos Aires) observed a large, disc-shaped object moving from north to south. At 7 p.m. the same night, an unidentified object passed over the city of Mendoza at great speed from south-west to south-east.

The next day, people in Echesortu, de Rosario (Santa Fe province), saw in the south a round object, surrounded by lights and travelling at great speed from east to west. Two days later, on 13th April, the terrified people of Monteros (Tucoman province) saw an illuminated object above their town for nearly half an hour before it vanished.

On 14th April, writer Tomas Victor Oliver reported that, while travelling in a rented car with his wife and son, he saw a green object hovering over the road, about 14 kilometres from the city of De Salta. It looked like some kind of flying apparatus and stood about eight metres off the ground. When Mr. Oliver closed in to take a better look, the object sped off into the sky in a few seconds.

On 10th May, 23-year-old truck driver, Alberto Kalbermatter, declared at Resistencia (Chaco province), that while driving his truck at night, he saw an "unusual being", about three metres high and uttering guttural sounds, crossing his path. Kalbermatter accelerated and fled in panic. He said that a few nights earlier he had seen a luminous object suspended amongst the trees.



Large footprints (19½ inches long), somewhat washed away by rain, found on the site where the driver Eugenio Douglas met strange giants at Monte Maiz on October 18, 1963.

One of the most impressive reports from Argentina in 1964, was the one of the landing of a flying disc near the international airport of Pajas Blancas (Cordoba province). On 5th June at 4 a.m., a noted Buenos Aires physician and his wife were returning by car from Rio Ceballos, where they had visited relatives. About 30 kilometres from the airport, the doctor saw a flying object approaching him at great speed. It dropped out of sight and he thought at first that it was a plane coming in to land. Then the brightly illuminated object suddenly re-appeared at the border of the road. The doctor slowed down because the light blinded him and, wishing that "the other driver would dim his headlights", he subsequently stopped to let the other "driver" pass. The lights came as close as one metre from the car and then changed to violet. The doctor noticed that the vehicle was unusually long.

For a long time nobody moved, and the doctor's wife became very nervous, especially because the car refused to start. Suddenly, a man walked up to the car, and the doctor, who was reaching for his gun in the glove box, heard a pleasant voice saying, "What's happened, friend?". He answered that his car wouldn't start. "Why don't you try again?" the stranger said. The doctor tried again and the engine started. With his headlights on the other vehicle, he saw a large object the likes of which he had never seen before.

The stranger, still close to the car, smiled and said: "Don't be afraid, I am terrestial and I have returned to earth on a mission. Tell humanity about this meeting in your own way". He slowly walked away. Two men, dressed in grey, were waiting for him. The doctor and his wife drove off and saw the vehicle leave the ground swiftly in a haze of violet light.

The next day, people in Tucuman province were terrified by another strange appearance. Dr. Juan Medrano, an officer of the Popular Savings Bank, Jose Lus Cervino, a professor of Engineering, and Vincente Bellicer, reported seeing a strange object. Its colour was orange-red, it had a rectangular shape, and smoke issued from its black-striped top. They calculated that the object was about five metres high and six metres wide, and they rated its speed at 250 kilometres per hour.

The object passed in front of the car in which the men were travelling and it lifted from the ground something which looked like a buoy, about 40 x 60 centi-

metres square, showing a dark red light. This incident happened on Highway No. 9, above Choromoro.

On 28th July, the Argentinian ship, "Cazador" and the Swedish ship, "Sumber", reported that at 9.00 p.m. in the South Atlantic, near the port of Madryn, a luminous object was travelling horizontally along the coast. Its light was so bright that it impaired vision. Two hours earlier, in Salta province, Ramon Sola and his son saw a round, spinning body, moving from south-east to northeast, with lights changing from red to yellow.

On 6th September, again in the Salta province, Chafedo Dagoto reported that in Cofico his car was followed by a flashing light which came from a flying object. The object stopped briefly at a post in the ground and two figures appeared to be inside—then it took off and disappeared.

Two days later in Trelew (Chubut province) the entire population observed for several minutes a brightly lit, multi-coloured object in the sky. On 14th September, an illuminated object crossed the Buenos Aires sky and was reported by Adarra Observatory of San Miguel. Stays later, in Galetta Olivia (Chubut province), a reputable citizen saw three enormous, luminous objects.

On 10th October on Villicum Hill, in San Juan province, five people of the School Administration saw several large flying vehicles. They were travelling in a car and the objects followed them for several minutes. Their names were Manuel Nunez, Elena Mattar Morales, Benita Suarez de Caceres and Ana Maria Miskovich.

On 15th October, bus-driver Guillelmo Guiguerman and passengers Nelida de Quevedo and Donata Angel Gioisa reported that at dawn they saw a three-metreslong, disc-shaped machine motionless for a few minutes, at Trelew (Chubut province). On 10th November, in Mansilla (Entre Rios province), two truck drivers reported that they had been followed by a flying craft with strong beaming lights.

On another day, at Gualeguay, in the same province, eight employees of the police station saw an egg-shaped, illuminated craft. On 14th November, an object gambolled in the Buenos Aires sky. On 21st November, at Concepcion, in Uruguay, 5 members of the Study Centre of Special Investigations, declared that they saw a red and blue object, zig-zagging at great speed.

On 3rd December, the residents of Tandil (Buenos Aires), saw a flat disc with a red, star-like configuration, flying in a south-easterly direction. Next day, an amateur astronomer saw an illuminated object stationary in the sky over the city of Cordoba.

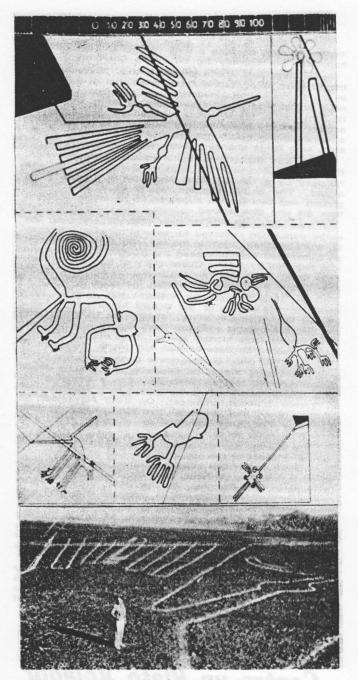
On 5th December, a disc with lights appeared over the same city. On 25th December, a piece of mysterious metal fell in Tio Fujio (Cordoba). Analysis showed a magnesium content of such purity and density not yet known on earth.

Quejas de 2 Camioneros Contra un Plato Volador

Podría ser un Proyectil el Artefacto Caído en Mendoza

Un objeto volador observóse en el cielo de Buenos Aires

Aparecieron Platos Voludores en Fermosa el Domingo: Fotos



Photographs of the prehistoric ground-drawings on the Nazca Plateau, Peru. Also drawings (in metre scale) of the same as seen from the air. Are they landmarks for space-ships and beings whose return the Incas were awaiting?

In 1965, sightings continued without intermission. Reports from various parts of the continent were vividly publicised in local and foreign newspapers. The flying saucer fever climbed to reach its peak when the Antarctica sighting of 3rd July hit the news. It was vouched for by Argentinian, Chilean and British scientists of respective bases on Deception Island, and confirmed by an official communique. The UFO seen and photographed there represented a replica of objects seen here on many occasions. The public mind had now no more doubt of the reality of space-crafts as inter-planetary vehicles of some extra-terrestial civilisation.

Further stir was caused by a report from Costa Rica, when ten well-known persons in local commercial circles saw a UFO hover over a beach on the Pacific Coast. They said that the object looked very much like the moon and stayed in the air for about 15 minutes before moving off and disappearing in the distance.

Then, during the night of 16th July, several people saw a strange object over Buenos Aires. Photographs

were taken and appeared in the leading newspapers. Two objects were shown in the photos. One which was visible by naked eye, and another discernible only on the plate as a faint point in the first photo, twin nuclei in the second, and a stubby line of light in the third. The objects, as photographed, appeared to be brighter than the stars.

On 17th July, from Santiago, Chile, a report came in that several people watched for half a minute a bright, hovering object which shot off with terrific speed, and on 20th July, in Montevideo, Uruguay, six people reported a cigar-shaped object which hovered at noon over the beach near Colonia.

Then, on the night of 19th July, several people in the suburb of Bahia Blanka, Argentina, saw a disc-shaped UFO separating from a "mother ship" and heading towards the ground. After five minutes on the ground, the craft took off and disappeared in the distance. The "mother ship", illuminated in blinding red light, circled the area for several minutes and then moved away. On the site of the landing, a scorched area was found, from which material was collected for analysis.

On the night of 20th July, a saucer landing was reported from Chanaral, Chile. Civil engineer, Carlos Videla Zamandio was awakened at 4 a.m. by a zooming noise and, from his window, he saw an illuminated, bright red object descend vertically and land on the beach, 140 metres away. It remained there for 4-5 minutes. The object had a diameter of 10 metres and was disc-shaped. The noise diminished while it was resting on the ground, but became louder at take-off. The UFO hovered briefly at an altitude of 10 metres and then disappeared from sight at unbelievable speed.

UFOs were seen on 22nd July in as far distant places as Osasco, near Sao Paulo, Brazil, and Chilean provinces of Atacama and Antofagasta. They were also reported from air bases of Cerro Moreno and Los Condores. Several witnesses reported a saucer over Sao Paolo on 23rd July. The object was also detected on the radar screen at the airfield of Congnhas, and was tracked for about 20 minutes.

As if these things were not restive enough, Lima, Peru, eye-witnesses' account of a flying saucer landing splashed the front pages of newspapers. They were a chemist and his wife, who reported having seen, on 24th July, a bright, flashing object descend on a hill near their ranch, 40 kilometres outside Lima. They said it stayed on the ground for 45 minutes and then zoomed off. They rushed out to the spot where it had landed and found singed plants, overturued rocks and also a blackened area. A group of farmers supported their report.

Then, on 26th July, two bright lights were seen over Carazinha, Brasil. One after the other landed on the periphery. Seen by a youth, Batista Azevedo, from 30 metres distance, they were egg-shaped and hovered one metre above the ground. Two men came out of the first one and three from the second. They walked around apparently searching for something.

Husky voices were heard as they conferred. A few minutes later, they rejoined the crafts, which then took off at great speed. (See detailed report on next page .) Also, from various parts of Chile, reports came of UFO sightings. Two of these UFOs were seen on 2nd August by several hundred people. At Puerto Monti, a large group watched a UFO land and take off again five minutes later.

A few days later, at Quito, Ecuador, a group of students saw *two large, cigar-shaped objects which stopped for about four minutes near the group before accelerating swiftly out of sight. And on the same day, 6th August, over Santiago, Chile, three UFOs hovered for 20 minutes, watched by 150 people. A radio reporter gave a live, on-the-spot description of the event. Photographs were reported to have been taken.

The picture of South American UFO events for 1964-65, of course, is not complete. Many sightings have been omitted, many have possibly not yet reached the Press. In spite of these deficiencies, however, the amount of UFO activity over Argentina, Brazil, Peru, Chile, and other countries clearly shows the important part this continent may play in the furore—towards the solution of UFO phenomena.



On the night of 26th July, 1965, Adison Batista Asevedo, 14, and his friends, Nilson Vierita, 14, and Joas Feresta, 17, went out to the "Recrero" movie-house, a few blocks away. After walking half a block, they noticed an intense white light shining from behind a cloud, which seemed to be 1,500 feet above and slightly to their right. Although aeroplanes occasionally pass over this northern town of Rio Grande do Sul, Carazinha, they knew that this object was something extraordinary.

As it began to descend slowly, it beamed a core of light which illuminated a 30 foot circle on the grass. When nearer the ground, a sound like the humming from a bee-hive could be heard emanating from the object.

Since they were already late for the pictures, Nilson and Joas walked away, leaving a rather curious Adison behind to investigate. Hidden in the darkness, he stumbled closer through the bushes in excitement until he was about 150 feet from where the object would land. There he saw a dark, egg-shaped form about 8 feet long and 5 feet high float down and hover about 3 feet above the ground.

Then a second brilliant object projecting a similar beam began to descend, eventually settling about 12 feet from the grounded craft. Although slightly smaller than the first object, it resembled it in other characteristics and also hovered about three feet above the ground.

Two crew members emerged from the large craft, whom Adison describes as being approximately five feet tall, wearing luminous helmets which covered their faces, and similar to humans in their movements and manner of speaking, which included many "s" and "z" sounds. He also noted a dark band, running from their noses to chest level standing out distinctly from their dark clothing.

Three men, one of whom held a luminous, torch-like object, now appeared from the second object and talked with the crew of the first. Then, after walking around their craft three times, the first crew entered from underneath, and after four or five seconds the vessel departed, rising vertically, increasing in speed and humming noise correspondingly.

Meanwhile, the second group continued their conversation for a few more minutes without paying any attention to their departing colleagues. They then went through the same ritual as the others and flew away quickly out of sight.



Of the thousands of UFO reports in 1964-65, only a certain number may be regarded as genuine. Using as a basis those reliable reports which rendered themselves suitable for analytical examination and classification, George D. Fawcett, a prominent UFO researcher in U.S.A., compiled statistics from which some interesting conclusions could be drawn.

Two outstanding events highlighted this period: The Soccorro landing in 1964 and the Antarctica sighting in 1965. They are significant because governmental officers were involved and, consequently, authorities confirmed the authenticity of both UFO cases. Hence, they may be used as a criterion of comparison for other similar events.

Landings

Forty-six well-documented landings were recorded, including 34 from U.S.A. and 12 from Canada, Chile, Argentina, Brazil, Peru, Venezuela, France, Italy, England, Austria, Africa and Australia.

Occupants

In connection with these landings, in fourteen cases, small humanoid creatures, 3½ to 4½ feet tall, were reported:—seven in the U.S.A. and seven in Argentina, Peru, Brazil, Venezuela, France, Italy and Australia. They wore what appeared to be space-suits with "diver's" helmets and seemed interested in collecting specimens such as water, flowers, vegetables, animals, sand and rocks, etc.

Markings

Additional evidence of these landings include: impressions in the soil, craters, circles in grass, burnt ground, holes, fused sand, broken plants, scorched tree branches, foot-prints, etc. On seven occasions above normal atomic radiation was recorded in the landing area.

Radar and pursuit

On 14 occasions UFOs were tracked on radar. Nine in the U.S.A. and five in Japan, New Zealand, Canada, England and Australia. Interceptor planes were sent to investigate in seven instances in U.S.A. and on five other occasions in Argentina, Japan, France, Africa and New Zealand.

Photographic evidence

Photos or movies were taken on 17 occasions. Eleven in the U.S.A. and the other six in Australia, two in Argentina, Japan, Canada and Antarctica. In June, astronaut Major McDivitt photographed a strange object in space, which the Press reported as having "arms sticking out". The photograph showed a disc with no arms!

Additional evidence

UFOs were reported to have chased automobiles on seven occasions in the U.S.A. and two in Venezuela and New Zealand. In some instances they dived steeply above the cars, whilst in others they followed them at a distance for varying lengths of time.

Persons suffered burns from the close approach of UFOs in four cases in the U.S.A. and one in Argentina. In Florida, a hunter was rendered unconscious for 24 hours by a hovering UFO. In 18 incidents, electro-magnetic interference with car ignition, head-lights, household lights, radio, television and compass were recorded when UFOs approached, hovered or passed over. In Chile, Portugal and Antarctica, electro-magnetic instruments stopped or went wild while UFOs were overhead. On three occasions, UFOs were shot at with revolvers, the bullets ricocheting off the objects.

From the above data, the following conclusions may be drawn:

The period 1964-65 was, perhaps, the best documented in the past 18 years and involved UFO events in all continents. Taking into account the height of the occupants, which differs noticeably from the usual 6-foot of previous years, and the fact that they wore helmets whereas the others did not, we may speculate that a new cosmic race breathing different atmosphere is visiting our earth.

Their inquisitive desire in collecting specimens of terrestial life, and provoke the reaction of people driving cars, may indicate that they have only recently discovered this planet and are carrying out various investigations.

Evidently the authorities were seriously concerned about these UFOs in contrast to their previous policy of indifferently dismissing them as misinterpretations of known phenomena, since in several instances aeroplanes were sent in pursuit and official enquiries were carried out.

Because information on some sightings during the period is only now becoming available, the above evidence should be regarded as incomplete and, consequently, the conclusions drawn may have to be modified somewhat, however, it indicates the type of activity which occurred.

1966

Sightings of "unidentified flying objects" reported to the U.S. Air Force reached 646 in the first seven months of 1966. This was nearly twice the number reported in the same period last year.

The Air Force has recorded about 6 per cent of all cases reported to it as unexplainable and unidentified.

Of this year's rash of sightings, officials say this:

• More variety in sizes and shapes of UFO's is showing up. Most UFO's still are described as disk-shaped, ranging from 2 to 100 feet in diameter. But some are shaped like a football, usually about the size of an automobile.

• Appearance of those reported seen during daylight hours is invariably that

of some light-colored metal,

- Lights of all kinds abound on the 1966 models of aerial sightings. In some cases, observers reported a bright glow, usually reddish in color. Others saw large, varicolored lights on top or bottom, or a series of smaller lights around the sides. Most of these lights appear to pulsate or change color from time to time. Many shift color rapidly from red to white to green.
- This year's UFO's also appear to be noisier than in the past. While most are still reported to make no discernible sound, there are increasing references to "whirring," "buzzing," and "highpitched whining" noises,
- Actions of the reported UFO's continue to be erratic, even "playful" or "curious" in recent cases. Most are first seen while hovering near some manmade object, or moving along beside a plane, auto or train.

Source: Project Blue Book, U.S. Air Force



UFO photographed at Alamogordo, New Mexico, in 1957.
The object hovered in mid-air for 15 minutes.

Robert C. Cowen

PUZZLE FOR THE SCIENCES

Since 1947, the term "flying saucer" has made headlines. Thousands of sightings of familiar objects were seen under unusual conditions. A puzzling few hundred remained unexplained. In the following interview, a noted astronomer tells why he thinks UFOs merit serious scientific study.

To Dr. J. Allen Hynek, the persistent flying saucer reports present one of the most challenging mysteries of our time.

As a civilian consultant to the United States Air Force, the North-Western University astronomer has assisted with this puzzle for many years. Summing up that experience, he says:

"In reports of UFOs (unidentified flying objects), we have a phenomenon that has persisted over the past 18 years. The Air Force has been getting an average of one or two reports a day over that period. The fact that people continue to send in reports still is an inadequately explained phenomenon of our times.

"The very great majority of reports — the run of the mill cases — you can explain in familiar terms of, perhaps, an aircraft, a balloon, or planet seen under unusual conditions. But I keep asking, 'what about the well-documented yet inexplicable cases?'

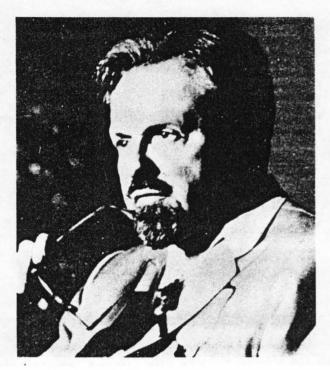
"I cannot, just absolutely cannot, believe in extraterrestial visitations. The distances are too great. It doesn't make sense to me. Furthermore, any craft coming to earth would surely be picked up by our defence radars. But we don't know all about natural phenomena that may lie behind the unexplained sightings.

"I would like the subject of UFOs admitted into the realm and given at least as much serious scientific attention as extra-sensory perception, ghost stories, or folklore".

By Air Force count, there have been 9,267 reports between 1947 and 23rd July last. Of these, 663 are classed as unexplained. This is a separate classification from that given to reports which contain too little information to aid identification.

Actual sightings must number far more. The Air Force doesn't get all American reports, let alone those from other countries. Dr. Hynek often finds news of sightings in reports of flying saucer clubs, local and foreign newsapers, and other unofficial sources.

Those unexplained sightings run the flying saucer gamut from strange lights seen at night to what appear to be solid "craft" seen in daylight by many observers at a time. Some of the "craft" have even appeared to land or hover near the ground. Many of these cases have seemed evidence enough to convince many enthusiasts that we are being visited from outer space. Dr. Hynek says that there is no consistent pattern in the sightings to support such a conclusion, spectacular though individual cases may be.



Dr. Allen J. Hynek: "Enough puzzling sightings have been reported by intelligent and often technically competent people to warrant closer attention".

He feels challenged by the unkonwn for more earthly reasons.

For one thing, Dr. Hynek noted in a recent interview, "In 1965 we don't know all there is to know about natural phenomena. Take ball lightning, for instance". Presently inexplicable UFOs may lead to a greater understanding.

For example, UFOs are often reported to have made sharp, right-angle turns in manoeuvring. "Now", Dr. Hynek explained, "it is a physical impossibility for a material object to make an instantaneous right-angle turn". But what is going on here? Is it an unknown optical effect or an unsuspected psychological effect?

Also, he added, "social scientists might find it very interesting to study the kind of people who make reports and why they make them. They will find, by and large, that these people are not crackpots".

He likened the situation to one that prevented the discovery of meteorites for a long time. People who saw them coming in generally described them as stones falling from the sky. This seemed so far-fetched to scientists of another era that they long dismissed all the reports with contempt and ridicule.

"I think that they would find after a few days that there is something here worth investigating from several angles".

Then, speaking somewhat regretfully, Dr. Hynek observed that "scientists could have used the UFO problem to give a beautiful example of the scientific method, to show the public how they go about studying a puzzling phenomenon. Instead, most of them treated the subject with contempt. Ridicule is not part of the scientific method.

"It should also be understood that, just because a person studies something, it does not follow that he believes in it—take mythology, for instance".

Given a change of climate so that saucers could be more widely studied, Dr. Hynek said that he would give first priority to 'up-grading the data'.

"The very first thing I would do", he said, "would be to train a number of special investigators, skilled in trying to learn as much physical information as possible about each case.

Then I would send them to places where saucers are seen within 24 hours of the sightings—not weeks or months later. We need very much to up-grade the original data (the reports). Someone sees a bright light at night. No-one thinks to ask how bright it was in comparison with stars or street lights, and so forth, whether or not it changed in brightness, or how long it took to transit the sky if it moved across the heavens".

Trying to emphasise the need for such clarity in report investigation, Dr. Hynek likened the situation to making a radar contact with Venus. With the radar, the return echo of the signal was so faint it was lost in general radio noises of the radar system. Only by careful processing could this signal echo be picked out.

With saucer reports, he explained that the "noise" is the welter of sightings that can be attributed to aircraft, balloons, planets, and the like. The "signal" here would be represented by the genuine unknowns. It is these that he wants to isolate for detailed scientific study.

"The whole point here", he said, "is that the noise is terrific. Anyone who reports a balloon sighting or what have you as a UFO, is doing a possible disservice to science, for other natural causes, noise reports just fog the issue. This puts an undue load on the Air Force office charged with the responsibility of keeping track officially of reported sightings.

"Oh, I can understand that the people who see something like this often won't know it's a balloon or something familiar. But those to whom they report the sighting — police, newspapers, military officers — these should check the reports logically and intelligently. They should see if they can be easily explained before giving them wider publicity".

Dr. Hynek noted that, in his own work: "I use the working hypothesis that anything reported as unexplained is a familiar thing seen under unusual circumstances".

But then he added, referring to the genuine unknowns: "Sometimes I wonder if that hypothesis will always work. My belief is, however, that even in the case of the truly puzzling reports, the majority might be cleared up if more data were available. I hate a mystery. I think a mystery is an itch that should be scratched. A mystery should be a challenge. The unknowns are still a mystery after 18 years, and I feel that they shouldn't be".



SCRAPBOOK FROM MARS

For handy reference and for a variety of purposes, I keep a file of newspaper clippings. Looking through the file recently, I came across an envelope marked 1975.

I couldn't remember initiating this envelope, so curiosity stirred in me. I delved into the envelope and found it contained clippings from the "Terra Times" of ten years from now. I suppose my recent researches into the possibility of time travel may have had something to do with the presence of this envelope. Anyway, there the clippings were. The passage of ten years in reverse had yellowed them and made them brittle; but they were legible.

The first clipping I examined was from the Travel Page and discussed a recent discovery by some tourists on Mars. They had found a scrapbook in a deserted cave, where it had apparently been cached a few years earlier by a nervous Martian. It contained a series of letters from the correspondence columns of the "Marsville Times"

The letters had been translated from their original Martian by the Harvard Professor of Interplanetary Semantics, who had been the first Tellurian scholar to decipher this extremely complex tongue. I am now happy to share a few of them with the Editor, and it is my hope that they may be reprinted at the present time.

1. Dear Sir.

While strolling yesterday evening by the Grand Canal, I observed a pencil-shaped object streaking across the sky from west to east at a considerable altitude. I have heard that experiments are being carried out by the military with heavier-than-air flying machines. Could this have been one of the machines?

(Sgd.) John Q. Marsman.

2. Dear Editor:

My next-door neighbour has too lively an imagination. The object he saw could only have been a disturbance in the atmosphere caused by refraction of the evening sunlight.

(Sgd.) James Sandwright.

3. Dear Sir,

Re pencil-shaped flying object. I have hitherto kept silent. Too many of my fellow-citizens are skeptics and unpellevers. But the time to speak out has come. During past months I have observed a number of these objects. One was flying so low I could see pink-faced creatures, possibly intelligent, peering from the windows. They also had hair on the tops of their heads.

(Sgd.) Henry Marples.

4. Sir,

As Senior Publicity Officer for Military and Air Headquarters, Marsville Command, I write to reassure your readers. The so-called flying objects mentioned by a number of your correspondents have nothing to do with our experimental heavier-than-air machines. In fact, they have nothing to do with anything; they do not exist. Our interceptor telescopes have followed up all reported sightings, but with negative results. Your correspondents have clearly deluded themselves in some way or other. You have my official word for it.

(Sgd.) John Q. Martial, Air-Commodore (Telescopes).

5. Dear Sir,

It is my duty to inform your readers that Air-Commodore Martial is speaking through his official hat. I was, until recently, in charge of one of the Air Force's inspection telescopes and was ordered to check on a reported sighting of a pencil-shaped flying object. I did

so and observed same clearly. When I reported this to my superiors, I was removed from my post and shortly after dismissed from the service. The military is concealing something from the public.

(Sgd.) Charles Marshall, formerly Chief Felescope Observer.

6. Sir.

My book, UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS (Marsville University Press, Inc. 299 pages), tells the whole story. It is lavishly illustrated in full colour with photographs of pencil-shaped flying objects snapped by myself. One photograph shows one of the objects on the ground, where it had recently landed. Another shows the two creatures who emerged from it. They wore shiny, metallic clothing and glass helmets. They were six foot two and one-half inches tall. On my approach, they hastily withdrew, and their machine took off at an astronomical speed.

(Sgd.) Leslie Marsky.

7. Dear Sir.

I would like to ask Mr. Marsky to arrange for two of the creatures he described to be delivered to the Marsville Zoological Society, of which I am President. A male and female preferably. We would guarantee a fair price. It has always been believed that problems of biological engineering would prevent any creature growing to a height of more than four and one-half feet tall.

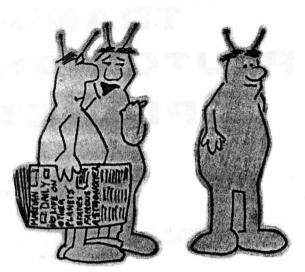
(Sgd.) Cyprian Marsdale.

8. Dear Editor,

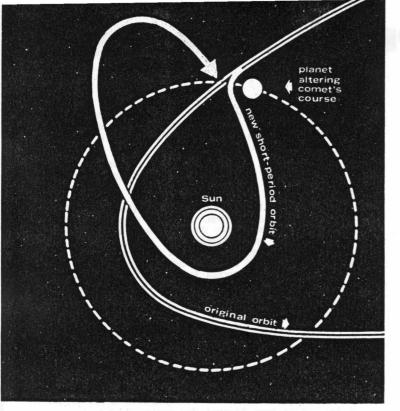
Not only have I seen a pencil-shaped flying object, I am in possession of something dropped by one. It is an oblong fragment of cloth. It has red and white stripes except in one corner, where there are a number of stars arranged on a blue background. Clearly, we are shortly to be invaded

NOTE: The silly season is now over, the ice-caps are expanding, and this correspondence must cease.

-EDITOR, "MARSVILLE TIMES"



THAT GUYS NUTS! SAYS HE'S



There are 200,000 or more long-period comets in the solar system, each of them taking thousands of years to describe its highly elongated orbit. There are also about 100 short-period comets moving in orbits for periods of one hundred years or less. A long-period comet may occasionally be deflected from its path if coming near to a large planet and sent into an entirely new orbit. In this way a long-period comet is converted into a short-period comet forming a planetary family of the responsible planet.

TRANS-PLUTONIAN PLANET

William E. Moser

With acknowledgment to Dr. M. Waehnl, Director of the Urania Observatory, Vienna, and the Astronomical Publications of the Urania Observatory. Contemplating our Solar System, we have all probably often wondered if an intra-Mercurial or trans-Plutonian planet exists or existed, thus giving to our Solar System an additional tenth major planet.

The existence of any major body inside the orbit of Mercury can, in accordance with all scientific achievements of today, be denied, but the existence of a major planet outside Pluto's orbit is a possibility.

Proof of the existence of such a celestial body is at present not possible. Mathematical calculations and indirect observations, however, show that such a body, if existing, would be approximately double the distance of Pluto from the Sun, which is roughly 7,000 million miles. It would thus be of a very low magnitude and hard to discover, even with the largest telescopes. As far as we know, U.S.S.R. astronomers have been trying for the past three or four years to find such a planet outside Pluto's orbit with their new 236-inch mirror, and they are believed to have discovered it in the constellation of Capricorn. As to be expected, the distance is double that of Pluto.

Besides the Soviet astronomers, there are other astronomers in various countries who believe in the existence of the trans-Plutonian planet, owing to the presence of a family of eight comets outside Pluto's influence, thus pointing to the possibility of a tenth major planet.

The well-known Jovian family of comets may serve as an example: The elliptical orbits of 25 or so comets belonging to this family are all centring around Jupiter's aphelion. That the other major planets may have similar families of comets is also a possibility. If they are far away from the Sun and have a strong gravitational attraction, such as Jupiter, then the comets which come into their neighbourhood would have their orbits somehow affected and changed. Research over the last few years on comets of which orbits have been markedly influenced, has shown that Saturn has a family of six comets, Uranus three, Neptune eight and, finally, Pluto five.

Up till now, no comet families belonging to the smaller planets, Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars, have been found. The mass of these planets is not large enough to attract the orbits of comets passing nearby. Although the mass of Earth is bigger than Pluto, the vicinity of the Sun, with its bigger mass, naturally cancels out any influence that Earth would have on comets. Also comets tend to disintegrate when approaching the Sun!

Characteristics of a family of comets are principally the aphelion and the period of its orbit. The aphelion of such a comet is only very slightly larger than that of the planet to which it belongs, the periods of the orbits tend to fluctuate, depending on the eccentricity.

Since Pluto was discovered, several new, periodical comets were also discovered. Professor Karl Scheute, of Munich, dedicated a special research to this group. In his study since 1950, examining particularly the orbits of comets transversing the orbit of Neptune, having an average aphelion of 53.7 Astronomical Units—he found that only five comets of this group definitely belong to Pluto. They are: 1862/3 Tuttle-Swift, 1889/3 Barnard, 1907/2 Mellish-Gripp, 1917/1 Mellish and 1939/6 Rigollet. Their orbital revolutions vary between 119.6 and 164.3 years, compared to Pluto's 49.3.

Following this Plutonian family of comets, there however, he found another family of eight members, of which the average aphelion is 84.8 A.U., and orbital revolutions of 234 and 306 years. These are: 1857/4 Peters, 1987/4 Coggiss, 1885/3 Brooks, 1905/3 Giacobini, 1931/3 Nagata, 1932/1 Houghton-Ensor, 1932/5 Peltier-Shipple and 1932/10 Dodwell-Forbes. In light of this finding, Professor Schuette concluded that these eight comets must have their orbits influenced through the existence of a planetary body outside the orbit of Pluto. Their aphelions are situated in the same direction as the hypothetical planet, and their orbital revolutions compare with that of the tenth, yet undiscovered member of our solar family.

This family of eight comets can, therefore, be separated from the rest of five comets comprising the Plutonian family. Further evidence supporting such a separation consists of the fact that the inclination of orbits, starting from Jupiter's comets, is in general 12

degrees while, for this so-called trans-Plutonian family, it is 50 degrees.

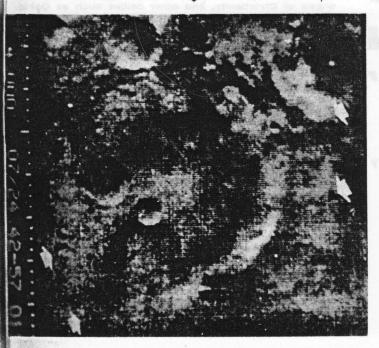
While the existence of a trans-Plutonian family of comets seems reasonably well established, the possible location of a tenth planet is by no means certain, for mathematical calculations can only be confirmed if the actual planetary image is located on a photographic plate.

Professor H. Kritzinger, in 1959, published the following data referring to this planet: The approximate radius of orbit is 77 Astronomical Units; duration of orbit, 676 years; approximate position for 1960: R.A. 21h32' and +19° Dec. Professor K. Schuette gives the same 77 Astronomical Units for approximate radius of the orbit, stating that the aphelion of the planet is 10 percent smaller than the average aphelion of its family of comets which, in the case of the trans-Plutonian family, is 85 Astronomical Units. The duration of the planet's orbit he estimates to be 675 years.

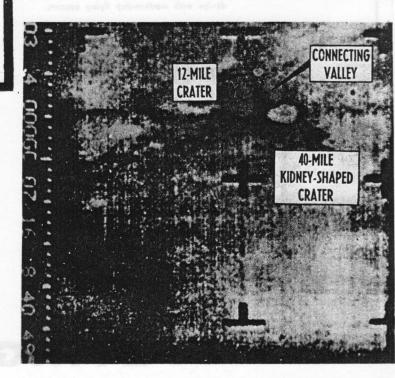


Model of surface of Mars with Mariner-4 in position when pictures taken.

Mars photo No. 11. ___ Mars photo No. 3.



Evidence of Mars canals overlooked?



Recently, Dr. Wiliam Pickering, Head of Jet Propulsion Laboratory, which controlled N.A.S.A.'s Mariner IV operation, and Dr. Clyde W. Tombaugh, discoverer of Pluto and an authority on Mars, have confirmed that the Mariner films indeed show evidence of the controversial "canals".

In his report to the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Dr. Tombaugh said that on seven of the 22 Mariner photos "canal" streaks and "oases" (unexplained areas at intersections of the "canals") could be seen, which coincided with markings noted in telescopic studies and on many maps of Mars. This is in contrast to last July's newspaper reports which denied any evidence of water erosion, ocean basins or "canals".

One photograph (No. 11) clearly shows what must be a 30-mile wide rift valley running east-north-east across the rim of a large crater (in top right-hand corner of the photo).

Another (No. 3), shows a number of straight lines intersecting in an area which has been termed a "40-mile kidney-shaped crater". If the dark patch which extends around the top and right-hand side of this area is the shadow of a crater wall, then this would indicate a source of illumination from the south-west. However, several other features on the photograph show a light source from the south-west. Hence, it seems probable that what has been called a crater is an "oasis" and the straight lines runing into this area are "canals". The fact that these follow a geometric pattern would seem to indicate that they are not mere cracks in the ground, but artificial in origin.

It is not clear whether this information was known but withheld in July, 1965, or if these markings have only recently been found on the films.

The "OAHSPE" Bible was published in 1882. Its author, Dr. John Newbrough, claimed that he was directed by heavenly intelligence through channels today termed clairvoyance, clairaudience and "automatic writing". The faculties of some individuals are at present being seriously studied by parapsychologists of several leading universities. Although mystic experience does not convince or offer any evidence for scientific evaluation, it might, in a strongly speculative sense, represent a certain access to information not available through any other channel recognised at the present time. The "fireships" described in the work as belonging to the most advanced dwellers in the universe, represent interesting reading for the ufologists, when considering certain similarities in design with modern-day flying saucers.

FLYING SHIPS IN "OAHSPE"

Neville Drury



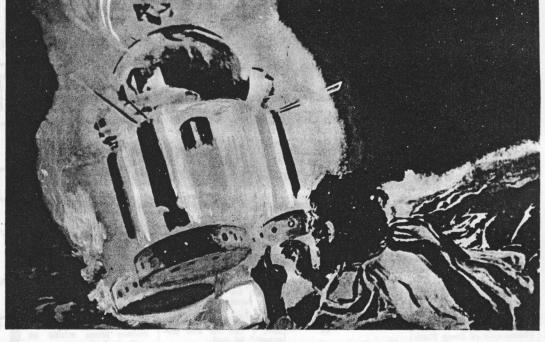
Assuming that mankind on Earth had long ago reached the stage in its scientific progress of being able to travel among "less developed" planets, no doubt our first space explorers would have been revered by the amazed inhabitants as agents of the supernatural, gods, and masters of nature. A number of ufologists writing from this viewpoint have similarly suggested that the angels of Christianity, and other deities such as Osiris, Thoth, etc., may all have been visitors from space who were later worshipped on Earth once they had departed.

There are a large number of incidents in the Bible which only have a satisfactory explanation when considered in terms of modern-day flying saucer sightings. Ezekiel's vision in Ezekiel, Chapter 1, of a "whirlwind . . . a great cloud, and a fire infolding itself", in the shape of "a wheel in the middle of a wheel", with "rings full of eyes", is certainly a good example.

Similarly, "OAHSPE" provides details on space visitations. In the Book of Apollo, Chapter 10, there is a description of a vessel called an "adavaysit", which "began to descend . . . fearful to behold, becoming more scarlet within the vortex . . and around the whole ship was the photosphere of its power, so that the whole adavaysit was like a crystal ship within a globe of phosphorescent light . . ." This then, was the size of the adavaysit: two thousand miles east and west and north and south diameters, and seven thousand miles high (long). From our viewpoint, an object of such dimensions would resemble an artificial ovoid planet of tremendous proportions.

A huge vessel is described in Thor, Chapter 5: "The photosphere was flat to the north and south, but oval to the east and west; the openings were on the flat sides with passages through. The crescent described a circle of three thousand four hundred miles and the depth of the ship northwards and southwards was three hundred miles. The pillars of fire that ascended from the midst were one thousand seven hundred miles high

Ezekiel-Spaceship 2,500 years ago.
Limited by terms of primitive technology, Ezekiel could not fully comprehend the significance of cosmic visitation.



. . . The framework was crystalline and opaque and transparent, and of all possible colours and shades and tints".

It may be objected that the dimensions are too incredible to be true but, nevertheless, with an infinite resource of energy in outer space, any space-ship is possible. We are dealing here with the creations of the gods.

Sue 7:17 states than an etherean fire-ship was powered by the "Great Spirit", possibly indicating the electro-magnetic fields or atomic energy pervading interplanetary space.

In Fragapatti, Chapter 9, the builders of fire-ships were ordered to construct a vessel "capable of descent and ascent, and east and west and north and south motion, and prepare it with a magnet". A similar vessel, described in Lika, Chapter 17, was "egg-shaped and veiled without, and was seven miles high and five miles wide . . . The propelling vortices were within the centre and the workmen were in the summit". These ships, too, resemble modern-day UFOs in design, although not in preportions.

Desmond Leslie, in "Flying Saucers Have Landed", investigated the myths of various races in Asia and Ancient Egypt which tell of music being used as a form

of energy for doing work, such as raising stones, etc. The book of Cpenta-armij says, in Chapter 11:19, "By music alone, some their ships propelled, the vibrasvichords affording power sufficient in such high-skilled hands... Others even by colours made in the waves of sound went forward". Intense colours and sometimes a rhythmic humming noise are characteristic of flying saucers.

One would expect similarities between "Oahspe" and the Holy Bible to occur:

(Oahspe), Es, Ch. 7:5 describes a "fire boat" whose inhabitants "shall have shields and figureheads of tau (bull) and aries (lamb) as symbols". Once again, quoting Ezekiel and the sighting: "the likeness of four living creatures which shone out of the 'midst of fire', had the face of a man and the face of a lion on the right side, and they four had the face of an ox (tau) on the left side; they four also had the face of an eagle".

Perhaps these were insignia, symbolic of either the constellation of origin, the attributes of the inhabitants, or their advanced knowledge.

If "Oahspe" relates the truth then, no doubt, most ufologists would agree with Hamlet's remarks: "There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio, than are dreamed of in your philosophy".

He must learn by his own experience and sweat out the pains of his mistakes. Only by this method can man progress on the ladder of social and moral evolution, acquiring gradually the wisdom which will ultimately govern *his existence in perpetual equilibrium within himself and with his environment. Space-people, therefore, will not interfere in our internal affairs—they have learned the same law in the process of their own evolution. As spectators, they may, however, watch our struggle with great interest.

It is also worth noting that, if they wished to interfere, they could have done so many times on our history—and if, indeed, they have, then we can claim with confidence that their interventions have had very little effect, if any, upon the course of humanity.

Nevertheless, looking at the same question, but from another angle, we may arrive at some feasible answer. While our humanity is still struggling with the first obstacles of space problems, some other cosmic civilisations, possibly millions of years older, may have already progressed to a knowledge of such magnitude that they are not only aware of certain cosmic phenomena and matters of which we are totally ignorant, but they can actually interfere with them and possibly change their course. If Earth is directly involved or is part of a certain cosmic project; the intervention on our planet must be carried out regardless of our feelings in the matter. Since cosmic intelligence must operate on the plane of immense wisdom and mutual assistance, their action here must, therefore, be considered benevolent for our planet—although with our limited knowledge we are not aware of it, and we cannot appreciate the benefit at the present time.

Beneath a multitude of suggestions there are even more possible answers. However, we can only conclude: "As amazing in itself is the presence of UFOs—equally amazing may be their quest'.

EDITORIAL

[END]

Dr. M. Lindtner

'SAUCER' UVER PERTH: U.S.N

PERTH, Saturday.—The U.S. Defence Department has asked for details of a "flying saucer" sighting over Perth.

Night photographs of the object were taken by a Sydney manufacturer on Janu-24 this year.

ary 24 this year.

The Pentagon has sent a questionnaire to Mr Leslie Benedek, of Newtown, requesting more information.

Copies of the photo-graphs have been made by the R.A.A.F. and lodged with the Department of Air.

Interest in the object follows publication of the photographs in Life International magazine, which devotes two pages to coloured photographs of South Perth

south of Manning and the grees, hovered over the second a similar object water for about two secapparently travelling over onds, then vanished upthe Swan River, close to the wards. shore and about 300 yards east of the Swan Brewery.

In both pictures the object is bright yellow. Mr Benedek said the photographs were taken from King's Park about 10.30 n.m

The night was hot but calm and fine.

Hissing

and the Kwinana Freeway by night.

One picture shows a comet-like object in the sky

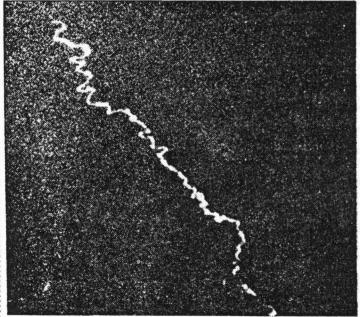
The total time from sighting to disappearance was about eight seconds.

Mr Benedek said the object made a slight hissing noise.

When he returned home he told his wife he had taken pictures of a flying

"She didn't believe me until I had the film processed," he said.

THE SUN-HERALD, APR. 3, 1966



A King's Cross pianist last Sunday saw what he believes were 14 'flying saucers.'

The pianist, Mr Paul Eotvos, of King's Cross Road, took time-exposure pictures of the "sauas they hovered over Burwood for about 15 minutes.

One of the pictures is reproduced above.

Mr Eotvos said last night: "My brother-inlaw, Paul Mellicher, had just got out of my car

Family sees

when he said Those stars seem to be moving.'

"When I looked, I could see the objects zigzagging towards the

"They were silver circles with a darker

tinge in the centre. "I grabbed my camera

and took the shots on time-exposure with the camera held against a

pole.
"All seven members of my family who were present at the time saw the

objects.
"They disappeared over the horizon to the north."

FOLLOW THAT SAUCER!

The Sun, Monday, June 6, 1966

police in

Two police constables "chased" a flying saucer around Grafton last night.

The object, which they said changed its colour from white to red led the two men in a police vehicle all over the district for about two hours.

It then disappeared south-west of the city.

Constables E. Mercer and P. Woodman were sitting in Grafton Police Station at 8 p.m. when a man called, saying their was a "funny looking" thing in the sky.

The two policemen went outside and saw the bright object hovering over Grafton.

They trained binoculars on the object, which had be-

gun moving to the south of the city at slow speed.

By this stage, the police switchboard was jammed with calls from people who said they had seen the object.

The constables got into a police car and began following it acros sthe city.

As it moved about 1500ft above the ground its colour changed from white to red and then back to white.

The policemen describ-ed the object as "just a

large light without any apparent centre."

They called their station and reported that they that they and would keep on the mystery objects trail in case landed.

After two hours, the object moved off at high speed tr and disappeared.

Constable K. Crossingham said today a similar object had been seen off Harwood Island, about 30 miles north-east of Grafton,

last week.
"We were all a bit dubious about the sighting, but last night certainly proved something," he said.

"It certainly makes you wonder what is up there."

Both police officers are expected to make a report to senior officers in the area.

ALSO SEEN AT LISMORE

Lismore police also reported sighting the mystery object hovering in the sky at Grafton, 80 miles away.

Constable Doug Cogh-lan said it had been sighted in the area about five times in the past fortnight.

He said Sgt. P. Hobson of Lismore police had told him last night that the object was "in the sky again."

Sgt. Hobson has seen the object several times while on patrol with other police officers.

"It certainly looked weird, hovering in the sky near Grafton.

"It was quite clear and looked like a great multi-coloured disc," he said. He said many people had phoned the police station

about the object. "We can't do much about it, though. What it is, is anybody's guess," he said.

Copyright by Roy Morgan and Australian Public Opinion Polls.

numbers of

women believe and dis-

believe claims to have

seen "saucers," but men are still 4 to 3 on the

People under 30 are

evenly divided between

belief and disbelief, but

disbelief increases with

side of disbelief.

The Sun, Wednesday, May 11, 1966

GALLUP POLL

Believe in "saucers"?

A GAINST every five people who believe claims of sightings of "flying saucers," there are six other people who don't believe the claims, the Gallup Poll finds.

Equal

question asked throughout the capital cities and country areas of all six States, was:

"Do you believe, or disbelieve, people who claim to have seen flying saucers?"

"I believe them," said 35%.

"I don't," said 42%. "I'm undecided," said

Mysterious city light

THE SUN-HERALD, AUG. 22, 1965

Din like thunder

A professional photographer took these strange pictures of a brilliant white moving light over Manly this week.

The photographer, Mr Frank Burke, of "The Sun-Herald" staff said: "It looked for ail the world like a semitrailer lit up.

"This effect came from a cluster of four to five small red lights which appeared to outline the white light."

The light, which appeared for about three nutes at seven o'clock on Monday night, hung motionless for almost a minute and Mr Burke was able to run inside for his camera and make two

The light then moved slowly northwards accom panied by a loud eng-ine noise unlike either a et or helicopter engine.

The light, shown in re-ationship to a cloud mank, has moved northwards in the second pic-

ture on the right.
At first Mr Burke thought the light was a low-flying aircraft, a helicopter or a flare.

But the light was much too bright to be the navigation lights—as the pic-tures show

DARK SHAPE'

If the light had been a flare it would have drop-ped slowly, Mr Burke

the appeared to have kept a nstant altitude before it disappeared from sight.

An R.A.A.F. spokes-nan told "The Sun-Herald" he had not checked definite flight schedschedules for Monday night but it was "extremely unlikely" that the light had been an Air Force plane.

Describing the "pool of light," Mr Burke said: "What I couldn't understand was the red lights seemed to surround the centre white

light.
"At first I thought it must have been a Vulcan bomber because I thought I could pick out a dark V shape behind the light. "But if it was a plane

it must have been the slowest aircraft in the world."

Mr Burke's son, Kimbal, 12, said: "I was sitting looking out of the window when I saw the light in the sky.
"I watched it for three

minutes altogether.

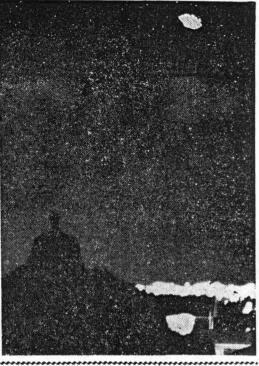
LOW, SLOW,

"It just moved across the sky — like a slow plane. As it went above our house there were lights on all parts of it.

"There were red ones and a few white ones too

'It made a noise like a plane--a very thundering noise.





THE SUN-HERALD, AUG. 1, 1965

THREE-LEGGED OBJECT SEEN OVER FARM

ELLOWISH GLOW'

PARKES, Saturday. — A "flying saucer" scare here has turned a small country farm into a setting for science fiction.

Yesterday morning and again this morning people at the farm have seen a strange object in the sky, with what appeared to be three legs.

Howling dogs at the farm of Mr and Mrs J. J. McClintock alerted the family at 5 a.m.

Yesterday morning the two schoolboy sons of the family watched the glowing object for an hour but they did not call their parents.

This morning when the dogs began barking again and a light showed through the farm's windows, eight people rushed outside to investigate.

The farm is at Goo-numbla, 20 miles from Parkes and five miles from the radio telescope site.

Mrs McClintock said: "The light was not in the direction of the telescope, and we have never been able to see the lights from

From a special reporter

photograph it.

"This morning when I went into the boys' room I saw the reflection of the light on the rippled glass of the window.

"When I opened the window I saw an object the size of a coin. It didn't look much bigger than a star, but it was much brighter.

"My daughter who is aged 15 said she could see the three legs - one on top and two on the bottom just as the boys had des-

cribed it.
"The legs seemed to have a glow around them and there were what looked like two beams of light coming

15 minutes before she had

gone back to bed. Her two sons, Paul, 12, and Wayne, 10, said the dogs' barking and the glow on their window had woken them yesterday morning.

"The object was the size of sixpence with three legs," the boys said.

"It had a yellowish white glow about it.

"It moved up and down and back and forwards and then it appeared to jump over a star."

An R.A.A.F. spokesman said the sighting would be investigated as well as two other reports in the last week from Lithgow and Wellington.

Parkes police said they

and we have never been able to see the lights from the object.

"I could see some red in the sky and the redness seemed to go away as the object faded and became brighter later."

"We have fixed the object's position and if it reappears we will try to only the seemed to go away as the object faded and became brighter later."

Mrs McClintock said she had watched the object for have been seeing things."

JULY 13, 1965

FLYING SAUCERS "STOP CLOCKS"

LONDON, Mon. -Unidentified flying objects have been reported over Portugal, adding to a rash of similar reports from Latin American countries.

THE Azores Weather Bureau reported its electromagnetic clocks stopped for 45 minutes while a "cylindrical white object" was seen in the sky yesterday.

The object was moving slowly north - eastwards over Santa Maria Island at about 30,000 feet altitude, the Weather Office said.

The electro-magnetic clocks at the island's airport also stopped.

Argentine, British and Argentine, Brush and Chilean scientists in the Antarctic who reported sightings of mystery objects last week also said electro-magnetic instruments "went wild" when the objects wild" when the objects flew over.

Inhabitants of Matozin-hos, a small town near Oporto in northern Por-Oporto in northern Portugal, reported last night having seen an object which looked like a plate. The object was orange colored and caused interference to radios. In Mexico, two shining objects have been seen in recent days darting about

recent days darting about the sky at high speeds over Chilpancingo, 120 miles south of Mexico City.—AAP-R. UPI.

Three 'flying saucers spotted

Policeman saw "bubbles"

BRISBANE, Sat. — Three separate reports of flying object " mystified people in North Queensland this week.

One report came from Cooktown Police Sergeant R. Hagerty m

Corndale "flying-saucer nest"

A mystery object from the sky is one of the theories for this large depression in foot-high grass which was found on a Corndale property last weekend.

The depression is oval-shaped, about a foot deep and is about 20 feet long by 15 feet wide.

deeper around its perimeter.

The remaining grass on the outskirts of the depression has not been disturbed.

not been disturbed.
The occupiers of the property, Mr. and Mrs. G. Hunter, found the depression on Sunday morning about 50 yards from their house.
They attached little

They attached little significance to it until an hour later when an nour later when they visited the home of Mr. Hunter's father, Mr. F. Hunter, on the neighbouring property

property.

Mr. Hunter senior's grand-daughter, Debbie Watt. 7. of Lismore, began to tell a story of an object she had seen in the sky from her bedroom window.

window. Debbie repeated the description yesterday.
She said "It was round and red and glowing and had spikes sticking out of it. It was smoking too." Debbie repeated the

too."
Mr. and Mrs. F.
Hunter said yesterday
they had at first dismissed the story as
Debbie's imagination
but they began to
have doubts when
their son arrived and
reported the mystery
depression.

depression.

They had then returned to the neighbouring property and had made a thorough

had made a thorough inspection.

Mrs. Hunter said it was then remembered that Debbie had been awake during the early morning (about 4.30) and that her bedroom window faced in the direction of where the depression had been jound.

sion had been found.

Mrs. G. Hunter
said the depression
had not been there at
nightfall on Saturday.

MYSTERY The mystery deepened after further investigation.

There were no cattle in the paddock.
If strong winds on Saturday night made the depression.

why wasn't grass nearby disturbed?

The grass inside the depression the depression was neatly flattened with no evidence of burning of any other in-

ing of any other ...
fluence.
Mr. F. Hunter who
has lived at Corndale
all his life said he had
not seen grass disturbed in such a way
before

before.

He said there had not been cattle in this paddock for more than a month.

"This depression is a complete oval with no indication of a track leading into it. "Until Debbie's re-

port we have not noticed any mystery objects in the sky in these parts." he these

Second report of the mystery object

Corndale LISMORE STAR. May 25,1966

> The mystery of the "Corndale Object" has deepened with a second report - from an adult - of a strange light hanging in the sky near Corndale between 9.30 and 10 p.m. on Saturday.

> Mrs. Jim Fairfull told "The Northern Star" yesterday she had seen the object hanging in the sky, stationary, well above the height of trees near Corndale.

> She saw the object while driving home to Caniaba with her husband after having visited her daughter who lives not far from the property of Mr. and Mrs. G. Hunter.

Sergeant Hagerty will driving with his wife on lonely road on Thursdanight when they sale "bubbles" about 30 incher in diameter floating about Fig. 1. The second state of the second se the road.

He drove over them an ney disappeared beneat

He drove over them an st they disappeared beneat the car.
He said later: "We thin they were probably weathe balloons."
However, a RAAI A spokesman said today there still was no explanation for the three mystery sightings.

Hissing

noise

The first sighting cam last Monday when Tulk about 40 yards away.

It made a loud hissin noise, then rose and hove ed above the trees before dipping and taking off a

dipping and taking off a high speed.
Since then scores depende have visited the spot where Mr. Pedle saw "the thing."
All have confirmed that the brush in a circular area was mysteriously flattened.
There was no sign of

There was no sign oburning.
Last night Mrs. Mryde, of Marreba, Nort Queensland. told police she had spent every night for a week watching farmer George Pedle

for a week watching i farmer George Pedle was driving his tractor. In broad daylight he say an object on the groun large mysterious object in the sky. She said it appeared in

the eastern sky about if p.m. and remained until 2 a.m. Sometimes it turned over and its lights went

Then it shot off at high speed, but soon reappear ned again.

"It was a bright orange II There were flashes coming from it," Mrs. Fairful

"The flashes seemed to be the same colour, and were coming more from beside the object than wright on it.

"It had a tail falling away from the right-hand faside of it. The tail was crairly thin and longer than the object, and shaped like a comma." Mrs. Fairfull said.

The object had been were

The object had been we quite low in the sky s
There was no doubt it was F

There was no doubt it was I not a campfire or, as he husband had suggested, a plane, she said.

Mrs. Fairfull said the flashes she had seen seemed to be coming "from all parts" of the second



Saucer's survey LIFE IN SPACE

From A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

NEW YORK, Sun-day. — The U.S. Air Force is arranging for a university to make a detailed investigation of "flying reports of saucers."

"New The York Times" describes the move as "an obvious response disquiet." to public

The university has not been named, but the Air Force has announced it is an institution of "sufficient stature to guarantee in the public mind that its inquiry will be impartial."

The move is a radical leparture from previous Air Force policy.

Until now, it has not taken very seriously the thousands of reports that have come in during the past 20 years.

The Air Force's attitude can be gauged by the fact that only one officer, a sergeant and a secretary worked on the reports.

The Air Force's analysis of the 10,147 reported sightings since 1947 furmished a conventional explanation for all but 646.

These were classed as

Space

'brain

links'

OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

NEW YORK, Sat.

- Mental telepathy

may be an astro-

naut's best way of

communicating with

the earth, a space

scientist said this

The method might be

faster than radio and

could help to keep space

travellers happy, he said.
The scientist is Everett

Dagle, a space psychologist who is head of data sciences for the U.S. Air Force's Cambridge Re-

He told a meeting of the Aerospace Medical Association: "We have a moral re-

sponsibility to research into

extra-sensory perception."

search Laboratories.

unidentifiable for lack of adequate information.
Explanations have

ranged from weather balloons to swamp gas.

The Air Force said the "deeper probing" did not grow from any suspicion on its part or higher authority's that "flying saucers" might be visits from other worlds.

The main reasons for the

· Widespread belief by people who had sighted "objects" that the Air Force was concealing the truth about episodes to prevent general panic.

• The Air Force until now has received only a fraction of the reports, possibly because witnesses hesitated to report to it for fear of ridicule.

The Sun, Thursday, May 19, 1966

Spacemen welcome!

NEW YORK, Wednesday -The town of Cocoa Beach, Florida, has put out a welcome mat for unidentified flying obiects.

The town, which is near the Cape Kennedy missile base, has built a special landing field for

Should visitors from outer space decide to accept Cocoa Beach's accept Cocoa Beach's hospitality, Mr Joe Mor-gan, president of the Chamber of Commerce, said he personally would lead a welcoming com-mittee.—A.A.P.-Reuter.

Greetings!

Sigma Chi fraternity members draped a welcome sign to "men from space" on their house at 548 S. State.

Saucer link with big U.S. blackout

Niagara Falls power sta-tion on November 9, just minutes before the power failure that blacked out the north-east United

The head of the Massachusetts unit of the National Investigations Committee on Aerial Phenomena, Mr R. E. Fowler, said in an interview with the Boston Record-American that the weight object was sighted weird object was sighted by a person on the ground and a crewman in a cargo

"A cargo plane was approaching Niagara Falls that night and, just before the blackout hit an observer aboard said he saw a glowing mass over the power station," Mr Fowler said.

"Just at that time, he said the lights began to flicker on the ground."

Mr Fowler, whose organisation investigates repor' of unidentified flying objects, said that about 15

NEW YORK. per cent of UFO sightings TUESDAY had not been explained.
A strange flaming object was reported over the



THEORY *BACKED*

MOSCOW, Saturday, (A.A.P.-Reuter). – Soviet scient-ists, undeterred by Western scepticism, think there's chance that a super-civilisation exists far out in space and that it is trying hard to say something to earthmen.

fusal to abandon hope, a controversy last April when Dr Kardashev, 34, tuned his new controversy may be started in world astronomy

Western experts scoffed a year ago when a young Russian astronomer, Dr Nikolai Kardashev, claimed he heard strange signals from outer space and speculated they might have come from a man-made radio source.

A popular science magazine has now polled eight leading Soviet scientists to find out what they think.

Last April

Today, "Technika Molo-dazhi" ("Young Techndezhi" ("Young Techniques") reported that not one was prepared to rule out the possibility.

Moscow first took the

Because of Moscow's re- | headlines in the space noises sensitive radio-telescope on to CTA102, a quasi-stellar radio source originally discovered by the Mount Wilson-Palomar Observatory in Pasadena, California.

The Russian scientist said the signals he picked up were a million times stronger than earth-bound radio emission.

"There are a number of elements which do not contradict the theory that there is another civilisation," he

Other Soviet scientists were more cautious, suggesting the noises might have come from natural phenomena.

They said the strange sig-nals were admittedly odd and needed careful checking. American and British experts were much more doubtful.

In defence

Dr Kardashev's chief, Dr Dmitry Martinov, director of the Sternberg Astronomical Institute, came to his defence in today's magazine

"Whatever the sceptics may say, it is natural for all civilisations to try to make their existence known for reasons which are compounded of a complex mixture of curiosity, vanity and altru-ism," Dr Martinov said.

"This makes it easier to establish communication between them.

Academician Yakov Zeldovich, a Stalin Prize-win-ning atomic scientist, caurioned that nobody could predict how society would develop in 1,000 years and "this is especially true of extra-terrestrial civilisations of which we know nothing as yet."

Meanwhile, the Russians keep tuned-in to outer space, waiting for the tell-tale noises that may give them more clues.

The Sydney Morning Herald, Sat., March 26, 1966 Christian issues life in other worlds

Scientific opinion on the possibility of life in other worlds has raised issues about which all Christians should be thinking, according to a Presbyterian editorial.

An editorial in the make some scientists conficurrent issue of "Ausdent that eventually they door to creation of life would only mean that we says: "We seem to be standing on the threspect of the says insuperable which surround is to feith the says insuperable with the says ins standing on the thres-hold of discoveries which hold of discoveries which

could be as shattering to many accepted ideas as the announcement of Darwin's theories on evolution proved to 100 years ago.

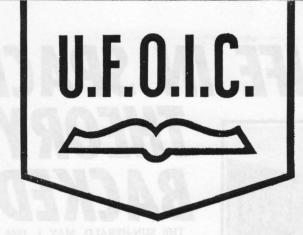
"Not only may it found that there are other lintelligent beings in the universe, but there been developments which the safety of the first should be found allows these discoveries to break on people unprepared to deal with their theological significance, inevitably many will feel the whole framework of their religious belief has been destroyed."

The paper is published jointly by the Presbyterian State assemblies in Australia.

the door

"However, if the Church

State assemblies in Aus-



SIX YEARS OF THE AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW

Since 1960, the UFOIC has been producing Australian Flying Saucer Review, and nine numbers have been issued. In spite of limited circulation and irregular issues, the publication has reached numerous countries and a variety of circles. It was well received.

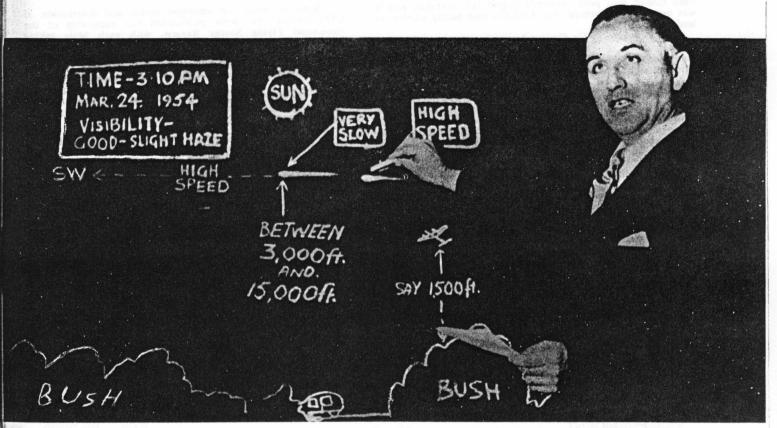
By its balanced views, it appealed to UFO enthusiasts and sceptics. With its reliable data, research findings and progressive scientific speculations, it became a source of information for advanced UFO students as well as open-minded scientists. Several authors pay credit to the Review under references and seek turther co-operation. Numerous requests for back-copies were received, so were new subscriptions. It is felt with confidence that the Review is a quality publication making considerable contribution to the popularity of the subject and the study of the UFO phenomenon itself.

Although all the credit goes to UFOIC for the collection of material, its preparation, art-work and final printing—and to the Victorian Flying Saucer Research Society for the despatch of the Review until 1963—very little indeed was known to the readers about the true brain behind this publication. This is Mr. Andrew P. Tomas, our former Editor.

Since Mr. Tomas has left UFOIC for his world lecture and research tour, and may possibly settle permanently overseas, it is perhaps now the opportune moment to acknowledge this man for his great work, and to recognise his achievements.

With the exception of two articles written by two other members of UFOIC and one from The Queensland Flying Saucer Research Bureau, although Australian Flying Saucer Review was supposed to be a joint effort of all State groups—Andrew Tomas alone has written, translated, corresponded and even typed every single item appearing in the first seven numbers. Only with his complete devotion and a total sacrifice of his free time, it was possible for The Review to be





Former Editor, Andrew Tomas, during one of his lectures.

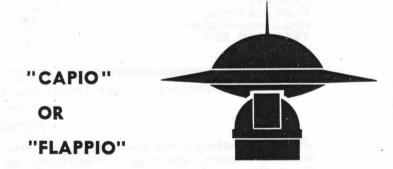
published at regular intervals. Every four months a new number reached the print. The tempo continued incessantly for two years. Then, as anticipated, it slowed down and gradually withered away—for without interstate co-operation, even the greatest enthusiasm and personal abilities must exhaust themselves under the burden of circumstance. The Review failed to appear for two years. However, the reputation was established—The Review had gained world-wide recognition.

Meanwhile, the Victorian Flying Saucer Research Society began publishing its own Review. It was named Australian Flying Saucer Review, Victorian Edition. — five numbers have been issued since.

Thanks to Tomas's profound knowledge of arcane history, esoteric subjects and modern philosophy of science, which he introduced into any aspect of a UFO subject, the articles appearing in the publication radiated with authority and original deductions. Pure scientific evaluation of factual evidence suitably blended or contrasted with sound speculation resulted in carefully balanced material, thought provoking and filled with common sense. These qualities, united with an easy literary style and neat presentation, made the Review not only extremely interesting reading for a casual inquirer, but also a most instructive text for an advanced UFO student. In general, Tomas's philosophical outlook, literary ability and idealism paved the way for the establishment of this publication and its present popularity. It is endeavoured by the present Editor to maintain the level and to perpetuate the spirit which he introduced six years ago.

UFOIC is grateful to Mr. Andrew P. Tomas. It considers his contributions essential, if not fundamental for the early existence of the Society and its present welfare. It is, therefore, bestowing on him the honorary title of "Honorary Life Member"—the first ever given since the foundation of the Society. Congratulations.

We are pleased to announce that Mr. Tomas's success in Australia is following him overseas: His book, "Treasure of Atlantis", is in the process of publication, and due to be issued in London towards the end of this year, while the other, "Treasure of the Ages" was accepted for publication. Detailed information will be given in the next issue of this magazine, or available from the Editor about January.



Last year in February (see A.F.S. Review, No. 8), the Ballarat Astronomical Society organised a symposium on UFOs, to which leading Australian Flying Saucer Research Societies were invited. Most States sent delegates who were to deliver lectures on specific aspects of the subject.

While on an academical level, the conference was a great success—a "confidence trick" afterwards turned the emminent occasion into a memorable event "in reverse". Indeed, the inter-societies' relationship was shattered, if not broken for future co-operation.

It was hinted during the conference by the representatives of the Royal Australian Air Force that the RAAF would deal with civilian UFO organisations only if these were organised on Federal level. Out of the hat, the delegates produced such an organisation. They put their heads together, raised their hands, voted each other into office and declared CAPIO (Commonwealth Aerial Phenomena Investigation Organisation) solemnly formed. Drafting the provisional constitution was easy, so was the choice of members and membership fees. Sir George Jones was invited to be the patron. Office-papers

were rushed into print, portraits despatched overseas, and it was generally announced that Australia had finally chosen its leaders.

One wonders if Sir George knew that the committees of the respective societies had no idea whatsoever that such discussions could arise less they authorised the delegates to represent official views before they had their own say in the matter.

Did the president ever think, considering his being a lawyer, that any decision of such nature requires first a ratification by the respective societies before becoming valid? Or, that such sub-standard handling of procedure may suggest irresponsibility and disregard of a generally accepted code of ethics—if not contempt for the respect and authority of the committees.

Were the delegates aware that they could express only their personal views on the matter?; they could also join in a preparatory committee for things to come—without abusing the confidence of their committee. Could the emotions of the moment, and the rather naive idea that the Air Force would co-operate, really swing their thinking so much away from reality? The Air Force can only give us more swamp-gases. Venus, dust clouds, balloons, etc. A Federal body, therefore, should aim at higher targets. It would also make sense if it would serve the joint interests and needs of all States' societies and of the general public.

Some to quote:—A common source and distribution of UFO information. Joint publication and editorship of the Australian Flying Saucer Review, with each State taking responsibilities and covering its own territory. An investigatory committee of scientifically trained examiners and consultants. A Federal file of UFO cases. Furthermore:—Helping new societies with material and facilities, and to establish a common policy by which we could identify ourselves in the eyes of the world and thrash out many of the concepts that make for so much damage to the seriousness and respectability of the UFO subject.

These are some of the important aspects with which a Federal body should be concerned. The delegates, therefore, should think along these lines, and at the same time realise that for such a CAPIO there is first needed a great amount of background work; inter-society agreements—not just snap decisions on the spur of the moment.

The UFOIC has positive views on the formation of a Federal body which would serve practical purposes and bind all States by mutual consent—but it cannot subscribe to "cart-before-the-horse" methods and self-appointed committees. We have pointed out repeatedly, irregularities and mistake and suggested corrections—but these were ignored. So, as far as UFOIC is concerned, a Commonwealth organisation without all States, joint obligations and benefits—is a CAPIO without backbone, a "FLAPPIO".

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PROGRAMME

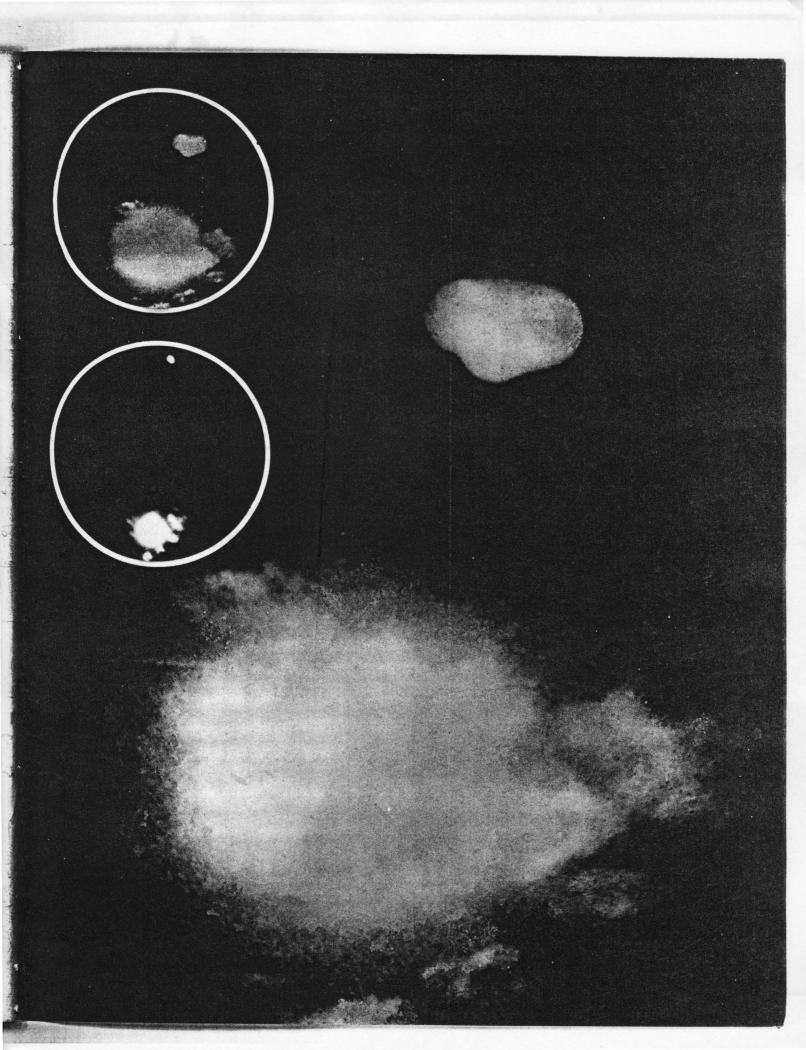
UFOIC meetings for members and friends are held each first Tuesday of every second month, starting in February, at Adyar Hall (next to Savoy Theatre), 29 Bligh Street, Sydney. Socials are held on the first Friday of alternate months at Mrs. Bousfield's residence, 39 Lower Avenue Road, Mosman.

The meetings consist of lectures, panel discussions and film nights, and are advertised in the classified section of "The Sydney Morning Herald" on Saturdays preceding the date of the meeting.

U.F.O.I.C. membership offers the following privileges: A free copy of the Australian Flying Saucer Review, 5-6 bi-monthly Newsletters, Library, Discussion Evenings and Socials.

Membership fee: \$4.00 per year, Regular or Husband and Wife. \$2.00 per year, Younger Set and Students.

Readers interested in joining the Society are invited to forward to the Membership Secretary the Application Form (hereby attached).





REVIEW

SYDNEY EDITION

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